### 1.1 GENERAL

.1 This Section covers items common to Sections of Division 26. This section supplements requirements of Division 1, Division 23, Division 27, Division 28.

### 1.2 REFERENCES

- .1 Canadian Standards Association (CSA)
  - .1 CSA C22.1, Canadian Electrical Code, Part 1, Safety Standard for Electrical Installations.
  - .2 CAN/CSA-22.3 No. 1, Overhead Systems.
  - .3 CAN3-C235, Preferred Voltage Levels for AC Systems, 0 to 50,000 V.

### 1.3 CARE, OPERATION AND START-UP

- .1 Instruct Contract Administrator and operating personnel in the operation, care and maintenance of systems, system equipment and components.
- .2 Operating instructions to include following:
  - .1 Wiring diagrams, control diagrams, and control sequence for each principal system and item of equipment.
  - .2 Start up, proper adjustment, operating, lubrication, and shutdown procedures.
  - .3 Safety precautions.
  - .4 Procedures to be followed in event of equipment failure.
  - .5 Other items of instruction as recommended by manufacturer of each system or item of equipment.
- .3 Arrange and pay for services of manufacturer's factory service engineer to supervise start-up of installation, check, adjust, balance and calibrate components and instruct operating personnel.
- .4 Provide these services for such period, and for as many visits as necessary to put equipment in operation, and ensure that operating personnel are conversant with all aspects of its care and operation.

## 1.4 DESIGN REQUIREMENTS

- .1 Operating voltages: to CAN3-C235
- .2 Motors, electric heating, control and distribution devices and equipment to operate satisfactorily at 60 Hz within normal operating limits established by above standard. Equipment to operate in extreme operating conditions established in above standard without damage to equipment.

### 1.5 SUBMITTALS

.1 Submit drawings stamped and signed by professional engineer registered or licensed in Province of Manitoba, Canada.

- .2 Submit wiring diagrams and installation details of equipment indicating proposed location, layout and arrangement, control panels, accessories, piping, ductwork, and other items that must be shown to ensure coordinated installation.
- .3 Identify on wiring diagrams circuit terminals and indicate internal wiring for each item of equipment and interconnection between each item of equipment.
- .4 Indicate of drawings clearances for operation, maintenance, and replacement of operating equipment devices.
- .5 Quality Control: in accordance with Section 01 45 00 Quality Control.
  - .1 Provide CSA certified equipment and material. Where CSA certified equipment and material is not available, submit such equipment and material to authority having jurisdiction for approval before delivery to site.
  - .2 Submit test results of installed electrical systems and instrumentation.
  - .3 Submit, upon completion of Work, load balance report as described in sentence 3.4.6.
  - .4 Submit certificate of acceptance from authority having jurisdiction upon completion of Work to the Contract Administrator.
- .6 Manufacturer's Field Reports: submit to the Contract Administrator within seven (7) working days of review, verifying compliance of Work and electrical system and instrumentation testing, as described in paragraph 3.6- FIELD QUALITY CONTROL.
- .7 Single Line Electrical Diagrams
  - .1 Provide single line electrical diagrams in glazed frames as follows:
    - .1 Electrical distribution system: locate in main electrical room.
    - .2 Electrical distribution systems: locate in main electrical room.
  - .2 Provide fire alarm riser diagram, plan and zoning of building in glazed frame at fire alarm control panel and annunciator.
  - .3 Drawings: 600 x 600 mm minimum size.
- The Electrical Subcontractor shall supply an arc-flash study of the building's entire distribution system, to be performed by the successful electrical equipment supplier. The Contractor shall furnish the supplier with distances, wire lengths and transformer shop drawings as required. Supply also stick-on labels for all equipment, identifying the arc-flash hazard rating of each distribution board and panel board. Such labelling shall meet CSA Z462. Supply one full set of Personal Protective Equipment required for each identified hazard rating in the arc-flash study. The arc-flash study shall be submitted with the electrical distribution equipment shop drawings. The electrical distribution equipment shop drawings will not be reviewed until the arc-flash study is received.

# 1.6 PERMITS, FEES AND INSPECTION

- .1 Submit to Electrical Inspection Division and Supply Authority necessary number of drawings and specifications for examination and approval prior to commencement of work.
- .2 Pay associated fees.
- .3 The Contract Administrator will provide drawings and specifications required by Electrical Inspection Division and Supply Authority at no cost.

- .4 Notify Contract Administrator of changes required by Electrical Inspection Division prior to making changes.
- .5 Furnish Certificates of Acceptance from Electrical Inspection Division or authorities having jurisdiction on completion of work to Contract Administrator.

### 1.7 CO-ORDINATION

- .1 Co-ordinate work with work of other divisions to avoid conflict.
- .2 Locate distribution systems, equipment, and materials to provide minimum interference and maximum usable space.
- .3 Locate all existing underground services and make all parties aware of their existence and location.
- .4 Where interference occurs, Contract Administrator or the City must approve relocation of equipment and materials regardless of installation order.
- Notwithstanding the review of shop drawings, this division may be required to relocate electrical equipment which interferes with the equipment of other trades, due to lack of coordination by this Division. The cost of this relocation shall be the responsibility of this Division. The Contract Administrator or the City shall decide the extent of relocation required.

## 1.8 CUTTING AND PATCHING

Inform all other divisions in time, concerning required openings. Where this requirement is not met, bear the cost of all cutting. Openings of 200 mm or smaller shall be the responsibility of Division 26. Openings larger than 200 mm shall be the responsibility of Division 1. Obtain written approval of Structural engineer before drilling any beams or floors.

### 1.9 PROTECTION

- .1 Protect exposed live equipment during construction for personnel safety.
- .2 Shield and mark all live parts "LIVE 120 VOLTS", or with appropriate voltage in English.
- .3 Arrange for installation of temporary doors for rooms containing electrical distribution equipment. Keep these doors locked except when under direct supervision of electrician.

#### 1.10 RECORD DRAWINGS

- .1 Obtain and pay for three sets of white prints. As the job progresses, mark these prints to accurately indicate installed work. Have the white prints available for inspection at the site at all times and present for scrutiny at each job meeting.
- .2 Show on the record drawings the installed inverts of all services entering and leaving the building and the property. Dimension underground services at key points of every run in relation to the structure and building.
- .3 Indicate exact location of all services for future work. Show and dimension all work embedded in the structure.

.4 Submit record drawings within 30 days prior to start of commissioning.

#### 1.11 INSPECTION OF WORK

.1 The Contract Administrator will make periodic visits to the site during construction to ascertain reasonable conformity to plans and specifications but will not execute quality control. The Contractor shall be responsible for the execution of his work in conformity with the construction documents and with the requirements of the inspection authority.

#### 1.12 SCHEDULING OF WORK

- .1 Work shall be scheduled in phases as per other divisions of the architectural specifications.
- .2 Become familiar with the phasing requirements for the work and comply with these conditions.
- .3 No additional monies will be paid for Contractor's requirement to comply with work phasing conditions.

### 1.13 FIRE RATING OF PENETRATIONS

- .1 Maintain fire ratings around conduits passing through floors, ceilings and fire rated walls.
- .2 Use 3M brand or equal fire barrier products at each penetration.
- .3 Acceptable products for fire barrier products shall be 3M #CP25 fire barrier caulk, #303 putty, #FS 195 wrap and #CS195 sheet.
- .4 Acceptable manufacturers: Nelson, Fire Stop Systems, 3M or approved equal in accordance with B6. Material of same manufacturer to be used throughout project.

# PART 2 PRODUCTS

# 2.1 ELECTRIC MOTORS, EQUIPMENT AND CONTROLS

- .1 Supplier and installer responsibility is indicated in Motor, Control and Equipment Schedule on electrical drawings and related mechanical responsibility is indicated on Mechanical Equipment Schedule on mechanical drawings, where applicable.
- .2 Control wiring and conduit is specified in Division 26 except for conduit, wiring and connections below 50 V which are related to control systems specified in Division 25 and shown on mechanical drawings. Division 25 EMCS Controls Subcontractor is responsible for all conduit, wiring and connections below 50V which are related to control systems in Division 25 and shall comply with the requirements of Division 26 for standard of quality.

### 2.2 MATERIALS AND EQUIPMENT

.1 Provide materials and equipment in accordance with Section 01 61 00 - Product Requirements.

- .2 Equipment and material to be CSA certified. Where there is no alternative to supplying equipment which is not CSA certified, obtain special approval from Electrical Inspection Division.
- .3 Factory assemble control panels and component assemblies.

## 2.3 FINISHES

- .1 Shop finish metal enclosure surfaces by application of rust resistant primer inside and outside, and at least two coats of finish enamel.
  - .1 Paint outdoor electrical equipment "equipment green" finish to EEMAC Y1-1.
  - .2 Paint indoor switchgear and distribution enclosures light grey to EEMAC 2Y-1.

### 2.4 WARNING SIGNS

- .1 As specified and to meet requirements of Electrical Inspection Department and Contract Administrator.
- .2 Porcelain enamel decal signs, minimum size 175 x 250 mm.

### 2.5 WIRING TERMINATIONS

.1 Lugs, terminals, screws used for termination of wiring to be suitable for either copper or aluminum conductors.

#### 2.6 EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION

- .1 Identify electrical equipment with nameplates and labels as follows:
  - .1 Nameplates: Lamicoid 3 mm thick plastic engraving sheet, black white face, black white core, mechanically attached with self tapping screws.
  - .2 Sizes as follows:

# NAMEPLATE SIZES

Size 1	10 x 50 mm	1 line	3 mm high letters
Size 2	12 x 70 mm	1 line	5 mm high letters
Size 3	12 x 70 mm	2 lines	3 mm high letters
Size 4	20 x 90 mm	1 line	8 mm high letters
Size 5	20 x 90 mm	2 lines	5 mm high letters
Size 6	25 x 100 mm	1 line	12 mm high letters
Size 7	25 x 100 mm	2 lines	6 mm high letters

#### .2 Labels:

- .1 Embossed plastic labels with 6 mm high letters unless specified otherwise.
- .3 Wording on nameplates and labels to be approved by Contract Administrator or the City prior to manufacture.
- .4 Allow for average of twenty-five (25) letters per nameplate and label.
- .5 Identification to be English (and French where applicable).
- .6 Nameplates for terminal cabinets and junction boxes to indicate system name and voltage characteristics.

- .7 Disconnects, starters and contactors: indicate equipment being controlled and voltage.
- .8 Terminal cabinets and pull boxes: indicate system name and voltage.
- .9 Transformers: indicate capacity, primary and secondary voltages and transformer number.

### 2.7 WIRING IDENTIFICATION

- .1 Identify wiring with permanent indelible identifying markings, either numbered or coloured plastic tapes, on both ends of phase conductors of feeders and branch circuit wiring.
- .2 Maintain phase sequence and colour coding throughout.
- .3 Colour code: to CSA C22.1, Canadian Electrical Code.
- .4 Use colour coded wires in communication cables, matched throughout system.

#### 2.8 CONDUIT AND CABLE IDENTIFICATION

- .1 Colour code conduits, boxes and metallic sheathed cables.
- .2 Code with plastic tape or paint at points where conduit or cable enters wall, ceiling, or floor, and at 15 m intervals.
- .3 Colours: 25 mm wide prime colour and 20 mm wide auxiliary colour.

Conduit System	Prime Color	<b>Auxiliary Color</b>
up to 250 V	Yellow	•
up to 600 V	Yellow	Green
up to 5 kV	Yellow	Blue
up to 15 kV	Yellow	Red
Telephone	Green	
Other Communication Systems	Green	Blue
Fire Alarm	Red	
Emergency Voice	Red	Blue
Other Security Systems	Red	Yellow

## PART 3 EXECUTION

## 3.1 NAMEPLATES AND LABELS

.1 Ensure manufacturer's nameplates, CSA labels and identification nameplates are visible and legible after equipment is installed.

# 3.2 LOCATION OF OUTLETS

- .1 Locate outlets in accordance with Section 26 27 26 Wiring Devices.
- .2 Do not install outlets back-to-back in wall; allow minimum 150 mm horizontal clearance between boxes.
- .3 Change location of outlets at no extra cost or credit, providing distance does not exceed 3000 mm, and information is given before installation.

.4 Locate light switches on latch side of doors. Locate disconnect devices in mechanical and elevator machine rooms on latch side of door.

### 3.3 CONDUIT AND CABLE INSTALLATION

- .1 Install conduit and sleeves prior to pouring of concrete. Sleeves through concrete: schedule 40 steel pipe, sized for free passage of conduit, and protruding 50 mm.
- .2 If plastic sleeves are used in fire rated walls or floors, remove before conduit installation.
- .3 Install cables, conduits and fittings to be embedded or plastered over, neatly and close to building structure so furring can be kept to minimum.

## 3.4 MOUNTING HEIGHTS

- .1 Mounting height of equipment is from finished floor to centreline of equipment unless specified or indicated otherwise.
- .2 If mounting height of equipment is not specified or indicated, verify before proceeding with installation.
- .3 Install electrical at following heights unless indicated otherwise.
  - .1 Local switches: 1200 mm.
  - .2 Wall receptacles:
    - .1 General: 300 mm.
    - .2 Above top of continuous baseboard heater: 200mm.
    - .3 Above top of counters or counter splash backs: 175 mm.
    - .4 In mechanical rooms: 1400 mm.
  - .3 Panelboards: as required by Code or as indicated.
  - .4 Telephone and interphone outlets: 300 mm.
  - .5 Wall mounted telephone and interphone outlets: 1400 mm.
  - .6 Fire alarm stations: 1200 mm.
  - .7 Fire alarm bells: 2400 mm.
  - .8 Television outlets: 300 mm.
  - .9 Wall mounted speakers: 2400 mm.
  - .10 Clocks: 2400 mm.
  - .11 Door bell pushbuttons: 1200 mm.
  - .12 Exit lights: 2400 mm.
  - .13 Emergency lighting heads: 2400 mm.

# 3.5 CO-ORDINATION OF PROTECTIVE DEVICES

.1 Ensure circuit protective devices such as overcurrent trips, relays and fuses are installed to required values and settings.

## 3.6 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

.1 All electrical work to be carried out by qualified, licensed electricians or apprentices as per the conditions of the Provincial Act respecting manpower vocational training and qualification. Employees registered in a provincial apprenticeship program shall be

permitted, under the direct supervision of a qualified licensed electrician, to perform specific tasks – the activities permitted shall be determined based on the level of training attained and the demonstration of ability to perform specific duties.

- .2 The work of this division to be carried out by a Contractor who holds a valid Code 1 Electrical Contractor License as issued by the Province.
- .3 Perform tests in Accordance with this section as noted and Section 01 91 00 Commissioning.

#### .4 Load Balance:

- .1 Measure phase current to panelboard with normal loads (lighting) operating at time of acceptance. Adjust branch circuit connections as required to obtain best balance of current between phases and record changes.
- .2 Measure phase voltages at loads and adjust transformer taps to within 2% of rated voltage of equipment.
- .3 Submit, at completion of work, report listing phase and neutral currents on panelboards, dry-core transformers and motor control centres, operating under normal load. State hour and date on which each load was measured, and voltage at time of test.
- .5 Conduct and pay for following tests:
  - .1 Power distribution system including phasing, voltage, grounding and load balancing.
  - .2 Circuits originating from branch distribution panels.
  - .3 Lighting and its control.
  - .4 Motors, heaters and associated control equipment including sequenced operations of systems where applicable.
  - .5 Systems: fire alarm system, communications.
- .6 Furnish manufacturer's certificate or letter confirming that entire installation as it pertains to each system has been installed to manufacturer's instructions.
- .7 Insulation resistance testing.
  - .1 Megger and record circuits, feeders and equipment up to 350 V with a 500 V instrument.
  - .2 Megger and record 350 600 V circuits, feeders and equipment with a 1000 V instrument.
  - .3 Check resistance to ground before energizing and record value.
- .8 Carry out tests in presence of Contract Administrator or the City.
- .9 Provide instruments, meters, equipment and personnel required to conduct tests during and conclusion of project.
- .10 Submit test results to the Contract Administrator or City for review and include in Commissioning Manuals specified in Section 01 91 00 Commissioning.

#### 3.7 CLEANING

.1 Clean and touch up surfaces of shop-painted equipment scratched or marred during shipment or installation, to match original paint.

.2 Clean and prime exposed non-galvanized hangers, racks and fastenings to prevent rusting.

### 1.1 RELATED SECTIONS

- .1 Section 01 33 00 Submittal Procedures.
- .2 Section 01 78 10 Closeout Submittals.
- .3 Section 01 91 00 Commissioning.
- .4 Section 26 05 00 Common Work Results.
- .5 Section 26 05 43 Installation of Cables in Trenches.

### 1.2 REFERENCES

- .1 Canadian Standards Association (CSA)
  - .1 CAN/CSA-C22.2 No. 131, Type TECK90 Cable.
  - .2 CAN/CSA-C61089, Round Wire Concentric Lay Overhead Electrical Stranded Conductors.
- .2 National Electrical Manufacturers' Association (NEMA)/Insulated Cable Engineers Association (ICEA)
  - .1 ICEA S-93-639/NEMA WC74, 5-46 KV Shielded Power Cable for Use in the Transmission and Distribution of Electrical Energy.

#### 1.3 SUBMITTALS

- .1 Provided manufacturer's printed product literature, specifications, data sheet and include product characteristics, performance criteria, physical size, finish and limitations.
- .2 Manufacturer's Instructions: submit manufacturer's installation instructions and special handling criteria, installation sequence and cleaning procedures.

## 1.4 DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING

.1 Deliver, store and handle materials in accordance with manufacturer's written instructions.

### PART 2 PRODUCTS

## 2.1 CONCENTRIC NEUTRAL POWER CABLE 1001 - 5000 V

- .1 Single copper conductor, size as indicated.
  - .1 Semi-conducting strand shield.
- .2 Insulation: cross-linked polyethylene rated 90°C and 5kV.
- .3 Semi-conducting insulation shielding layer.
- .4 Copper neutral wires applied helically over insulation shield equivalent to 100% full capacity.
- .5 Separator mylar tape over neutral wires.

.6 Extruded PVC jacket rated minus 40°C.

# PART 3 EXECUTION

### 3.1 INSTALLATION

- .1 Install primary cables in ducts and manholes in accordance with Section 26 05 43 Installation of Cables in Trenches.
- .2 Install primary cables in trenches in accordance with Section 26 05 43 Installation of Cables in Trenches.
- .3 Provide supports and accessories for installation of high voltage power cable.
- .4 Install stress cones, terminations and splices in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- .5 Install grounding in accordance with local inspection authority having jurisdiction.
- .6 Provide cable identification tags and identify each phase conductor of power cable.

## 3.2 FIELD QUANTITY CONTROL

- .1 Perform tests in accordance with Section 26 05 00 Common Work Results.
- .2 Use of qualified tradespersons for installation, splicing, termination and testing oh high voltage power cables.

### 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

.1 Materials and installation for wire and box connectors.

#### 1.2 RELATED SECTIONS

.1 Section 26 05 00 – Common Work Results.

# 1.3 REFERENCES

- .1 Canadian Standards Association (CSA)
  - .1 CAN/CSA-C22.2 No.18, Outlet Boxes, Conduit Boxes and Fittings.
  - .2 CAN/CSA-C22.2 No.65, Wire Connectors (Tri-National Standard with UL 486A-486B and NMX-J-543-ANCE-03).
- .2 Electrical and Electronic Manufacturers' Association of Canada (EEMAC)
  - .1 EEMAC 1Y-2, Bushing Stud Connectors and Aluminum Adapters (1200 Ampere Maximum Rating).
- .3 National Electrical Manufacturers Association (NEMA)

# PART 2 PRODUCTS

## 2.1 MATERIALS

- .1 Pressure type wire connectors to: CSA C22.2 No.65, with current carrying parts of copper sized to fit copper conductors as required.
- .2 Fixture type splicing connectors to: CSA C22.2 No.65, with current carrying parts of copper sized to fit copper conductors 10 AWG or less.
- .3 Bushing stud connectors: to EEMAC 1Y-2 to consist of:
  - .1 Connector body and stud clamp for stranded copper conductors.
  - .2 Clamp for copper bar.
  - .3 Stud clamp bolts.
  - .4 Bolts for copper bar.
  - .5 Sized for conductors and bars as indicated.
- .4 Clamps or connectors for armoured cable, aluminum sheathed cable, mineral insulated cable, flexible conduit, non-metallic sheathed cable as required to: CAN/CSA-C22.2 No.18.

# PART 3 EXECUTION

#### 3.1 INSTALLATION

.1 Remove insulation carefully from ends of conductors and:

- .1 Install mechanical pressure type connectors and tighten screws with appropriate compression tool recommended by manufacturer. Installation shall meet secureness tests in accordance with CSA C22.2 No.65.
- .2 Install fixture type connectors and tighten. Replace insulating cap.
- .3 Install bushing stud connectors in accordance with EEMAC 1Y-2.

### 1.1 RELATED SECTIONS

- .1 Section 26 05 00 Wire and Box Connectors (0-1000 V).
- .2 Refer to drawings for wiring type required under different applications.

# 1.2 REFERENCES

- .1 Canadian Standards Association (CSA)
  - .1 CSA C22.2 No .0.3, Test Methods for Electrical Wires and Cables.
  - .2 CAN/CSA-C22.2 No. 131, Type TECK 90 Cable.

## PART 2 PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 BUILDING WIRES

- .1 Conductors: stranded for 10 AWG and larger. Minimum size: 12 AWG.
- .2 Copper and ACM alloy conductors: size as indicated, with 600 V insulation of cross-linked thermosetting polyethylene material rated RW90 XLPE and RWU90 XLPE as indicated. Provide RWU90 XLPE rated cable for underground wiring. Related to new service entrance feeders and site lighting circuits. RWU90 XLPE not required under interior floor slabs.
- .3 Copper conductors: size as indicated, with thermoplastic insulation type TWH rated at 600 V, typically used for insulated ground wires.
- .4 Type ACM conductors permitted for feeders above 60 amps.

### 2.2 TECK Cable

- .1 Cable: to CAN/CSA-C22.2 No. 131.
- .2 Conductors:
  - .1 Grounding conductor: copper.
  - .2 Circuit conductors: copper and ACM alloy, size as indicated.
- .3 Insulation:
  - .1 Cross-linked polyethylene XLPE, rating 600 V.
- .4 Inner jacket: polyvinyl chloride material.
- .5 Armour: interlocking aluminum, compliant to applicable Building Code classification for this project.
- .6 Overall covering: thermoplastic polyvinyl chloride material.
- .7 Fastenings:

- .1 One hole steel straps to secure surface cables 50 mm and smaller. Two hole steel straps for cables larger than 50 mm.
- .2 Channel type supports for two or more cables at 1500 mm centers.
- .3 Threaded rods: 6 mm dia. to support suspended channels.
- .8 Connectors:
  - .1 Watertight and/or type approved for TECK cable, as indicated.

## 2.3 MINERAL-INSULATED CABLES

- .1 Conductors: solid bare soft-annealed copper, size as indicated.
- .2 Insulation: compressed powdered magnesium oxide to form compact homogeneous mass throughout entire length of cable.
- .3 Overall covering: annealed seamless copper sheath, Type M1 rated 600 V, 250°C.
- .4 Overall jacket: PVC applied over the sheath and compliant to applicable Building Code classification for this project for direct buried and wet locations, as indicated.
- .5 Two hour fire rating.
- .6 Connectors: watertight, field installed, approved for MI cable.
- .7 Termination kits: field installed approved for MI cable.

## 2.4 ARMOURED CABLES

- .1 Conductors: insulated, copper, size as indicated.
- .2 Type: AC90.
- .3 Armour: interlocking type fabricated from aluminum strip.
- .4 Connectors: standard as required, complete with double split rings.

### 2.5 CONTROL CABLES

.1 Type LVT: 2 soft annealed copper conductors, sized as indicated, with thermoplastic insulation, outer covering of thermoplastic jacket.Low energy 300 V control cable: stranded annealed copper conductors sized as indicated, with PVC insulation type TW - 40° C polyethylene insulation with shielding of tape coated with paramagnetic material wire braid over each conductor and overall covering of PVC jacket.

# 2.6 NON-METALLIC SHEATHED CABLE

.1 Non-metallic sheathed copper cable type: NMD90 nylon, size as indicated.

## 2.7 ACM Conductors

.1 Annealed, compacted aluminum alloy conductor material (ACM) for circuits 60 amps or more, single or multi-conductor, 600 volt insulation.

- .2 Type: AC90, ACWU90 and TECK90.
- .3 Armour: interlocked aluminum strip.
- .4 Conductivity: 61% IACS to that of copper.
- .5 Outer jacket: ACWU90 PVC jacket, FT-4 rated suitable for direct buried and Div. 1 and Div. 2 hazardous locations.

# PART 3 EXECUTION

### 3.1 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- .1 Perform tests in accordance with Section 26 05 00 Common Work Results.
- .2 Perform tests using method appropriate to site conditions and to approval of Contract Administrator or the City.
- .3 Perform tests before energizing electrical system.
- .4 No splices permitted in panel board feeders in new construction. Splices in re-work or renovation projects only with pre-approval by Contract Administrator or the City.

## 3.2 GENERAL CABLE INSTALLATION

- .1 Install cable in trenches in accordance with Section 26 05 43 Installation of Cables in Trenches.
- .2 Lay cable in accordance with Section 27 05 14 Communication Cables Inside Buildings.
- .3 Terminate cables in accordance with Section 26 05 00 Wire and Box Connectors (0-1000 V).
- .4 Cable Colour Coding: to Section 26 05 00 Common Work Results.
- .5 Conductor length for parallel feeders to be identical.
- .6 Lace or clip groups of feeder cables at distribution centres, pull boxes, and termination points.
- .7 Wiring in walls: typically drop or loop vertically from above to better facilitate future renovations. Generally wiring from below and horizontal wiring in walls to be avoided unless indicated.
- .8 Branch circuit wiring for surge suppression receptacles and permanently wired computer and electronic equipment to be 2-wire circuits only, i.e. common neutrals not permitted.
- .9 Provide numbered wire collars for control wiring. Numbers to correspond to control shop drawing legend. Obtain wiring diagram for control wiring.

### 3.3 INSTALLATION OF BUILDING WIRES

- .1 Install wiring as follows:
  - .1 In conduit systems in accordance with Section 26 05 34- Conduits, Conduit Fastenings and Conduit Fittings.
  - .2 In cable troughs in accordance with 27 05 14 Communication Cables Inside Buildings.
  - .3 In trenches in accordance with Section 26 05 43 Installation of Cables in Trenches.
  - .4 In surface and lighting fixture raceways in accordance with Section 26 50 00 Lighting.
  - .5 Overhead service conductors in accordance with Section 26 24 01 Service Equipment.

## 3.4 INSTALLATION OF TECK CABLE 0 -1000 V

- .1 Install cables.
  - .1 Group cables wherever possible on channels.
- .2 Install cable concealed, securely supported by straps and hangers.

#### 3.5 INSTALLATION OF MINERAL-INSULATED CABLES

- .1 Run cable exposed, securely supported by straps.
- .2 Support 2 h fire rated cables at 1m intervals.
- .3 Make cable terminations by using factory-made kits.
- .4 At cable terminations use thermoplastic sleeving over bare conductors.
- .5 Where cables are buried in cast concrete or masonry, sleeve for entry and exit of cables.
- .6 Do not splice cables.

### 3.6 INSTALLATION OF ARMOURED CABLES (AC-90)

- .1 Group cables wherever possible.
- .2 Use permitted only for work in movable partitions and vertical power supply drops to lighting fixtures.

### 3.7 INSTALLATION OF CONTROL CABLES

- .1 Install control cables in conduit as indicated.
- .2 Ground control cable shield.

### 3.8 INSTALLATION OF NON-METALLIC SHEATHED CABLE

.1 Install cables.

- .2 Install straps and box connectors to cables as required.
- .3 Use permitted in wood stud construction only.

# 3.9 INSTALLATION OF ACM CONDUCTORS

- .1 Install ACM cables as per the latest edition of the Canadian Electrical Code and manufacturers installation requirements.
- .2 Do not terminate ACM conductors with a copper bodied connector.
- .3 Apply oxide coating on base cables as per electrical code requirements.

### 1.1 RELATED SECTIONS

- .1 Section 01 91 00 Commissioning.
- .2 Section 26 05 00 Common Work Results.

## 1.2 REFERENCES

- .1 American National Standards Institute/Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers (ANSI/IEEE).
  - .1 ANSI/IEEE 837, Qualifying Permanent Connections Used in Substation Grounding.
- .2 Canadian Standards Association (CSA)
  - .1 CSA C22.2 No.0.4, Bonding and Grounding of Electrical Equipment (Protective Grounding).

### 1.3 SUBMITTALS

- .1 Provided manufacturer's printed product literature, specifications, data sheet and include product characteristics, performance criteria, physical size, finish and limitations.
- .2 Manufacturer's Instructions: submit manufacturer's installation instructions and special handling criteria, installation sequence and cleaning procedures.

## 1.4 DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING

.1 Deliver, store and handle materials in accordance with manufacturer's written instructions.

## PART 2 PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 MATERIALS

- .1 Rod electrodes: copper clad steel, 19 mm dia by 3 m long.
- .2 Plate electrode: copper surface area 2 m², 2 mm thick.
- .3 Conductors: bare, stranded, un tinned soft annealed copper wire, size No 4/0 AWG and 2/0 AWG for ground bus, electrode interconnections, metal structures, gradient control mats, transformers, switchgear, motors, ground connections.
- .4 Conductors: pvc insulated coloured green, stranded un tinned soft annealed copper wire, size No. 4 AWG for grounding cable sheaths, raceways, pipe work, screen guards, switchboards, potential transformers.
- Conductors: pvc insulated coloured green, stranded un tinned soft annealed copper wire
  No. 10 AWG for grounding meter and relay cases.

- .6 Conductors: No. 3/0 AWG extra flexible (425 strands) copper conductor for connection of switch mechanism operating rod to gradient control mat, fence gates, vault doors.
- .7 Bolted removable test links.
- .8 Gradient control mat: copper, size 1.5 x 1.5 m, 50 x 50 mm mesh and 2 mm thick.
- .9 Accessories: non-corroding, necessary for complete grounding system, type, size material as indicated, including:
  - .1 Grounding and bonding bushings,
  - .2 Protective type clamps,
  - .3 Bolted type conductor connectors,
  - .4 Thermit welded type conductor connectors,
  - .5 Bonding jumpers, straps,
  - .6 Pressure wire connectors.
- .10 Grounding resistance bank: in door, 3 phase, star connected liquid type, rating as indicated.
- .11 Zig-zag grounding transformer: in door, 3 phase, star connected, air cooled, iron core, KVA size and voltage as indicated.
- .12 Cable sheath isolating transformer or sleeves.
- .13 Wire connectors and terminations: as indicated.

# PART 3 EXECUTION

### 3.1 GROUNDING INSTALLATION

- .1 Install continuous grounding system including, electrodes, conductors, connectors and accessories in accordance with CSA C22.2 No.0.4 and requirements of local authority having jurisdiction.
- .2 Ground fences to grounding system independent of station ground.
- .3 Install connectors in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- .4 Protect exposed grounding conductors from mechanical injury.
- .5 Make buried connections, and connections to electrodes, structural steel work, using copper welding by thermit process.
- .6 Use mechanical connectors for grounding connections to equipment provided with lugs.
- .7 Use No. 4/0 AWG bare copper cable for main ground bus of substation and No. 2/0 AWG mhd bare copper cable for taps on risers from main ground bus to equipment.
- .8 Use tinned copper conductors for aluminum structures.
- .9 Do not use bare copper conductors near un-jacketed lead sheath cables.

- .10 Install grounding resistor bank, as indicated.
- .11 Install zig-zag grounding transformer, as indicated.

### 3.2 ELECTRODE INSTALLATION

- .1 Install ground rod or plate electrodes, as indicated. Make grounding connections to station equipment.
- .2 Install ground rod electrodes at transformer and switchgear locations.
- .3 Install gradient control mats. Connect mats to station ground electrode and switch mechanism operating rods.
- .4 Make special provision for installing electrodes that will give acceptable resistance to ground value, where rock or sand terrain prevails.

### 3.3 EQUIPMENT GROUNDING

- .1 Install grounding connections as indicated to typical station equipment including: metallic water main, line sky wire, neutral, gradient control mats. Non current carrying parts of: transformers, generators, motors, circuit breakers, reclosers, current transformers, frames of gang-operated switches and fuse cutout bases. Cable sheaths, raceways, pipe work, screen guards, switchboards, potential transformers. Meter and relay cases. Any exposed building metal, within or forming part of station enclosure. Sub-station fences, pothead bodies. Outdoor lighting.
- .2 Ground hinged doors to main frame of electrical equipment enclosure with flexible jumper.
- .3 Connect metallic piping (water, oil, air, etc.) inside station to main ground bus at several locations, including each service location within station. Make connections to metallic water pipes outside station to assist in reduction of station ground resistance value.

### 3.4 NEUTRAL GROUNDING

- .1 Connect transformer neutral and distribution neutral together using 600 V insulated conductor to one side of ground test link, the other side of the test link being connected directly to main station ground. Ensure distribution neutral and neutrals of potential transformers and service banks are bonded directly to transformer neutral and not to main station ground.
- .2 Interconnect electrodes and neutrals at each grounding installation.
- .3 Connect neutral of station service transformer to main neutral bus with tap of same size as secondary neutral.
- .4 Ground transformer tank with continuous conductor from tank ground lug through connector on ground bus to primary neutral. Connect neutral bushing at transformer to primary neutral in same manner.

#### 3.5 POLE MOUNTED SWITCHING DEVICE GROUNDING

- .1 Drive four ground rods 3 m long at base of each pole on which group-operated line switching devices are mounted.
- Arrange rods in square formation with 3 m sides, located so that operator must stand within square to operate switch.
- .3 Interconnect ground rods with No. 2/0 AWG stranded annealed copper conductor and join to switch operating handle ground wires.
- .4 Connect operating handle of switch to handle base with No. 3/0 AWG extra flexible copper conductor.

### 3.6 POLE MOUNTED TRANSFORMER GROUNDING

.1 Drive ground rods at base of each pole on which transformers are mounted and interconnect transformer, system neutral, lightning arresters and ground rods.

## 3.7 GROUNDING IN MANHOLES

- .1 Install conveniently located grounding stud, electrode, size 3/0 stranded copper conductor in each manhole.
- .2 Install ground rod with lug for grounding connection in each manhole so that top projects through bottom of manhole.

### 3.8 GROUNDING IN PERMAFROST

.1 Install system and equipment grounding in permafrost area in accordance with Section 26 05 28 - Grounding - Secondary.

#### 3.9 CABLE SHEATH GROUNDING

- .1 Bond single conductor, metallic sheathed cables together at one end only. Break sheath continuity by inserting insulating sleeves in cables.
- .2 Use No. 6 AWG flexible copper wire soldered, not clamped, to cable sheath.
- .3 Connect bonded cables to ground with No. 2/0 AWG copper conductor.

#### 3.10 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- .1 Perform tests in accordance with Section 26 05 00 Common Work Results and Section 01 91 00 Commissioning.
- .2 Perform earth loop test and resistance tests using method appropriate to site conditions and to approval of Contract Administrator or the City.
- .3 Perform test before energizing electrical system.
- .4 Engage testing agent to inspect grounding and perform resistance test before backfill.

### 1.1 RELATED SECTIONS

- .1 Section 01 91 00 Commissioning.
- .2 Section 26 05 00 Common Work Results.
- .3 Grounding conductors for all distribution grounding to be insulated copper, uninsulated where in contact with earth. Copper conductors shall, at a minimum, be used in the following areas: grounding of transformer neutrals, service entrance switch ground of neutral, padmount transformer grounding, ground rider conductors from main ground station to sub-closets, telephone and data system grounds and circuits rated less than 60 amps. Where type ACM conductors are used for circuits rated 60 amps or greater, type ACM bonding conductor is permitted.

#### 1.2 REFERENCES

- .1 American National Standards Institute (ANSI)/Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers (IEEE)
  - .1 ANSI/IEEE 837, Qualifying Permanent Connections Used in Substation Grounding.
- .2 Canadian Standards Association, (CSA)
  - .1 CAN/CSA Z32, Electrical Safety and Essential Electrical Systems in Health Care Facilities, where applicable.

# PART 2 PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 EQUIPMENT

- .1 Clamps for grounding of conductor: size as indicated to electrically conductive underground water pipe.
- .2 Copper conductor: minimum 6 m long for each concrete encased electrode, bare, stranded, tinned, soft annealed, size as indicated.
- .3 Rod electrodes: copper clad steel 19 mm dia by 3 m long.
- .4 Plate electrodes: copper, surface area 0.2 m<sup>2</sup>, 1.6 mm thick.
- .5 Grounding conductors: bare stranded copper, soft annealed, size as indicated.
- .6 Insulated grounding conductors: green, type TW.
- .7 Ground bus: copper, size as indicated, complete with insulated supports, fastenings, connectors.
- .8 Non-corroding accessories necessary for grounding system, type, size, material as indicated, including but not necessarily limited to:
  - .1 Grounding and bonding bushings.
  - .2 Protective type clamps.

- .3 Bolted type conductor connectors, as required by local authority having jurisdiction.
- .4 Thermit welded type conductor connectors, as indicated.
- .5 Bonding jumpers, straps.
- .6 Pressure wire connectors.

# PART 3 EXECUTION

## 3.1 INSTALLATION GENERAL

- .1 Install complete permanent, continuous grounding system including, electrodes, conductors, connectors, accessories. Where EMT is used, run insulated copper ground wire in conduit.
- .2 Install connectors in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- .3 Protect exposed grounding conductors from mechanical injury.
- .4 Make buried connections, and connections to conductive water main, electrodes, using copper welding by thermit process.
- .5 Use mechanical connectors for grounding connections to equipment provided with lugs.
- .6 Soldered joints not permitted.
- .7 Install bonding wire for flexible conduit, connected at both ends to grounding bushing, solderless lug, clamp or cup washer and screw. Neatly cleat bonding wire to exterior of flexible conduit.
- .8 Install flexible ground straps for bus duct enclosure joints, where such bonding is not inherently provided with equipment.
- .9 Install separate ground conductor to outdoor lighting standards.
- .10 Connect building structural steel and metal siding to ground by welding copper to steel.
- .11 Make grounding connections in radial configuration only, with connections terminating at single grounding point. Avoid loop connections.
- .12 Bond single conductor, metallic armoured cables to cabinet at supply end and load end.
- .13 Ground secondary service pedestals.

### 3.2 MANHOLES

- .1 Install conveniently located grounding electrode and size 3/0 stranded copper conductor in each manhole.
- .2 Install ground rod in each manhole so that top projects through bottom of manhole. Provide with lug to which grounding connection can be made.

## 3.3 ELECTRODES

.1 Make ground connections to continuously conductive underground water pipe on street side of water meter.

- .2 Install water meter shunt.
- .3 Install concrete encased electrodes in building foundation footings, with terminal connected to grounding network.
- .4 Install rod, plate electrodes and make grounding connections.
- .5 Bond separate, multiple electrodes together.
- .6 Use size 2/0, 3/0 or 4/0 AWG copper conductors for connections to electrodes as required by code.
- .7 Make special provision for installing electrodes that will give acceptable resistance to ground value where rock or sand terrain prevails. Ground as indicated.

### 3.4 SYSTEM AND CIRCUIT GROUNDING

.1 Install system and circuit grounding connections to neutral of primary 600 V system, secondary 208V system.

### 3.5 EQUIPMENT GROUNDING

.1 Install grounding connections to typical equipment included in, but not necessarily limited to following list. Service equipment, transformers, switchgear, duct systems, frames of motors, motor control centres, starters, control panels, building steel work, generators, elevators and escalators, distribution panels, outdoor lighting.

#### 3.6 GROUNDING BUS

- .1 Install copper grounding bus mounted on insulated supports on wall of electrical room.
- .2 Ground items of electrical equipment in electrical room to ground bus with individual bare stranded copper connections size as required by code.

#### 3.7 HOSPITALS

- .1 Grounding in hospital operating rooms: to CAN/CSA Z32.
- .2 Connect equipment to building ground system.
- 3. Install ground bus for conductive floor tile. Make connections from tile system to bus in accordance with tile manufacturer's instructions. Ground resistance to CAN/CSA Z32.

## 3.8 COMMUNICATION SYSTEMS

- .1 Install grounding connections for telephone, sound, fire alarm, intercommunication systems as follows:
  - .1 Telephones: make telephone grounding system in accordance with telephone company's requirements.
  - .2 Sound, fire alarm, intercommunication systems as indicated.

### 3.9 PERMAFROST

.1 Bond non-current carrying metal parts together with size 3/0 AWG copper equipotential conductor. Run conductor from separate lug or service neutral bar to, but not necessarily limited to, following indoor systems and equipment:

- .1 Hot water heating system.
- .2 Main water pipe.
- .3 Main building drain.
- .4 Oil line.
- .5 Telephone, radio/tv, emergency and fire alarm lead-in or service conduits, near panels.
- Make connections to pipes on building side of main valves and tanks. Connect jumpers across boilers to supply and return hot water heating pipes.
- .2 Drive three -19 mm diam x 3 m copper clad ground rods at least 1.8 m apart in original undisturbed ground. If rods will not penetrate permafrost, drive at angle not more than 60° from vertical, and in same direction. Rods must be driven, not trenched.
- .3 Install ground wire from service neutral bar to rods and where buried use bare copper not smaller than size 1AWG 7- strand or size 4AWG solid, and at least 460 mm below ground. Bond ground conductor, or short tap from it, to outside metal sheathing of building close to power service conduit. Use lug or cast clamp, with bronze or plated bolt, nut and washers (not sheet metal screw or wood screw). Remove paint from sheathing for good contact. Conduit is required only on outside wall of building. Indoors, run bare and fasten as specified for equipotential bonding wire.
- .4 Install electrode interconnections where metal parts, circuits or grounding conductors and/or electrodes are in proximity to lightning rod conductors.

### 3.10 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- .1 Perform tests in accordance with Section 26 05 00 Common Work Results and Section 01 91 00 Commissioning.
- .2 Perform ground continuity and resistance tests using method appropriate to site conditions and to approval of Contract Administrator or the City.
- .3 Perform tests before energizing electrical system.
- .4 Disconnect ground fault indicator during tests.

# PART 1 GENERAL (NOT APPLICABLE)

## PART 2 PRODUCTS

# 2.1 SUPPORT CHANNELS

.1 U shape, size 41 x 41 mm, 2.5 mm thick, surface mounted suspended or set in poured concrete walls and ceilings as required.

## PART 3 EXECUTION

## 3.1 INSTALLATION

- .1 Secure equipment to hollow or solid masonry, tile and plaster surfaces with lead anchors or nylon shields.
- .2 Secure equipment to poured concrete with expandable inserts.
- .3 Secure equipment to hollow masonry walls or suspended ceilings with toggle bolts.
- .4 Secure surface mounted equipment with twist clip fasteners to inverted T bar ceilings. Ensure that T bars are adequately supported to carry weight of equipment specified before installation.
- .5 Support equipment, conduit or cables using clips, spring loaded bolts, cable clamps designed as accessories to basic channel members.
- .6 Fasten exposed conduit or cables to building construction or support system using straps.
  - .1 One-hole steel straps to secure surface conduits and cables 50 mm and smaller.
  - .2 Two-hole steel straps for conduits and cables larger than 50 mm.
  - .3 Beam clamps to secure conduit to exposed steel work.
  - .4 Strap AC-90 cable at box location plus every 900 mm.
- .7 Suspended support systems.
  - .1 Support individual cable or conduit runs with 6 mm dia threaded rods and spring clips.
  - .2 Support 2 or more cables or conduits on channels supported by 6 mm dia threaded rod hangers where direct fastening to building construction is impractical.
- .8 For surface mounting of two or more conduits use channels at 1.5 m on centre spacing.
- .9 Provide metal brackets, frames, hangers, clamps and related types of support structures where indicated or as required to support conduit and cable runs.
- .10 Ensure adequate support for raceways and cables dropped vertically to equipment where there is no wall support.

- .11 Do not use wire lashing, wood blocking, plastic strap or perforated strap to support or secure raceways or cables.
- .12 Do not use supports or equipment installed for other trades for conduit or cable support except with permission of other trade and approval of Contract Administrator or the City.
- .13 Install fastenings and supports as required for each type of equipment cables and conduits, and in accordance with manufacturer's installation recommendations.

#### 1.1 REALTED SECTIONS

- .1 Section 01 33 00 Submittal Procedures.
- .2 Section 01 91 00 Commissioning.
- .3 Section 26 05 00 Common Work Results.

#### 1.2 SUBMITTALS

- .1 Submit shop drawings and product data for cabinets.
- .2 Provide manufacturer's printed product literature, specifications and datasheet and include product characteristics, performance criteria, physical size, finish and limitations.
- .3 Provide drawings stamped and signed by professional Engineer registered or licensed in the Province of Manitoba, Canada.

## PART 2 PRODUCTS

## 2.1 SPLITTERS

- .1 Sheet metal enclosure, welded corners and formed hinged cover suitable for locking in closed position.
- .2 Main and branch lugs to match required size and number of incoming and outgoing conductors as indicated.
- .3 At least three spare terminals on each set of lugs in splitters less than 400 A.

### 2.2 JUNCTION AND PULL BOXES

- .1 Welded steel construction with screw-on flat covers for surface mounting.
- .2 Covers with 25 mm minimum extension all around, for flush-mounted pull and junction boxes.

#### 2.3 CABINETS

- .1 Type E: sheet steel, hinged door and return flange overlapping sides, handle, lock and catch, for surface mounting.
- .2 Type T: sheet steel cabinet, with hinged door, latch, lock, 2 keys, containing 19 mm fir plywood backboard for surface flush mounting.

## PART 3 EXECUTION

# 3.1 SPLITTER INSTALLATION

- .1 Install splitters and mount plumb, true and square to the building lines.
- .2 Extend splitters full length of equipment arrangement except where indicated otherwise.

# 3.2 JUNCTION, PULL BOXES AND CABINETS INSTALLATION

- .1 Install pull boxes in inconspicuous but accessible locations.
- .2 Mount cabinets with top not higher than 2 m above finished floor.
- .3 Install terminal block as indicated in Type T cabinets.
- .4 Only main junction and pull boxes are indicated. Install pull boxes so as not to exceed 30 m of conduit run between pull boxes.

## 3.3 IDENTIFICATION

- .1 Provide equipment identification in accordance with Section 26 05 00 Common Work Results.
- .2 Install size 2 identification labels indicating system name voltage and phase.

#### 1.1 RELATED SECTIONS

- .1 Section 26 05 00 Common Work Results.
- .2 Section 26 05 29 Hangers and Supports for Electrical Systems.
- .3 Section 26 05 34 Conduits, Conduit Fastenings and Conduit Fittings.

### 1.2 REFERENCES

- .1 Canadian Standards Association (CSA)
  - .1 CSA C22.1, Canadian Electrical Code, Part 1.

## PART 2 PRODUCTS

### 2.1 OUTLET AND CONDUIT BOXES GENERAL

- .1 Size boxes in accordance with CSA C22.1.
- .2 102 mm square or larger outlet boxes as required for special devices.
- .3 Gang boxes where wiring devices are grouped.
- .4 Blank cover plates for boxes without wiring devices.
- .5 347 V outlet boxes for 347 V switching devices.
- .6 Combination boxes with barriers where outlets for more than one system are grouped.

### 2.2 GALVANIZED STEEL OUTLET BOXES

- .1 Electro-galvanized steel single and multi gang flush device boxes for flush installation, minimum size 76 x 50 x 38 mm or as indicated. 102 mm square outlet boxes when more than one conduit enters one side with extension and plaster rings as required.
- .2 Electro-galvanized steel utility boxes for outlets connected to surface-mounted EMT conduit, minimum size 102 x 54 x 48 mm.
- .3 102 mm square or octagonal outlet boxes for lighting fixture outlets.
- .4 102 mm square outlet boxes with extension and plaster rings for flush mounting devices in finished plaster walls.

## 2.3 MASONRY BOXES

.1 Electro-galvanized steel masonry single and multi gang boxes for devices flush mounted in exposed block walls.

## 2.4 CONCRETE BOXES

.1 Electro-glavanized sheet steel concrete type boxes for flush mount in concrete with matching extension and plaster rings as required.

#### 2.5 FLOOR BOXES

- .1 Concrete tight electro-galvanized sheet steel floor boxes with adjustable finishing rings to suit floor finish with brass faceplate. Device mounting plate to accommodate short or long ear duplex receptacles. Minimum depth: 28 mm for receptacles; 73 mm for communication equipment.
- Adjustable, watertight, concrete tight, cast floor boxes with openings drilled and tapped for 12 mm and 19 mm conduit. Minimum size: 73 mm deep.

### 2.6 CONDUIT BOXES

.1 Cast FS or FD aluminum boxes with factory-threaded hubs and mounting feet for surface wiring of switches and receptacle.

### 2.7 OUTLET BOXES FOR NON-METALLIC SHEATHED CABLE

.1 Electro-galvanized, sectional, screw ganging steel boxes, minimum size 76 x 50 x 63 mm with two double clamps to take non-metallic sheathed cables. For use in wood stud construction only.

# 2.8 FITTINGS - GENERAL

- .1 Bushing and connectors with nylon insulated throats.
- .2 Knock-out fillers to prevent entry of debris.
- .3 Conduit outlet bodies for conduit up to 32 mm and pull boxes for larger conduits.
- .4 Double locknuts and insulated bushings on sheet metal boxes.
- .5 Double split rings for AC-90 terminations.

### 2.9 SERVICE FITTINGS

- .1 'High tension' receptacle fitting made of 2 piece die-cast aluminum with brushed aluminum housing finish for 1 duplex receptacles. Bottom plate with two knockouts for centered or offset installation.
- .2 Pedestal type 'low tension' fitting made of 2 piece die cast aluminum with brushed aluminum housing finish to accommodate two amphenol jack connectors.

## PART 3 EXECUTION

## 3.1 INSTALLATION

.1 Support boxes independently of connecting conduits.

- .2 Fill boxes with paper, sponges or foam or similar approved material to prevent entry of debris during construction. Remove upon completion of work.
- .3 For flush installations mount outlets flush with finished wall using plaster rings to permit wall finish to come within 6 mm of opening.
- .4 Provide correct size of openings in boxes for conduit, mineral insulated and armoured cable connections. Reducing washers are not allowed.
- .5 Vacuum clean interior of outlet boxes before installation of wiring devices.
- .6 Identify systems for outlet boxes as required.

#### 1.1 REFERENCES

- .1 Canadian Standards Association (CSA)
  - .1 CAN/CSA C22.2 No. 18, Outlet Boxes, Conduit Boxes, and Fittings and Associated Hardware, a National Standard of Canada.
  - .2 CSA C22.2 No. 45, Rigid Metal Conduit.
  - .3 CSA C22.2 No. 56, Flexible Metal Conduit and Liquid-Tight Flexible Metal Conduit.
  - .4 CSA C22.2 No. 83, Electrical Metallic Tubing.
  - .5 CSA C22.2 No. 211.2, Rigid PVC (Unplasticized) Conduit.
  - .6 CAN/CSA C22.2 No. 227.3, Nonmetallic Mechanical Protection Tubing (NMPT), a National Standard of Canada.

### 1.2 SUBMITTALS

- .1 Product data: submit manufacturer's printed product literature, specifications and datasheets.
  - .1 Submit cable manufacturing data.
- .2 Quality assurance submittals:
  - .1 Test reports: submit certified test reports.
  - .2 Certificates: submit certificates signed by manufacturer certifying that materials comply with specified performance characteristics and physical properties.
  - .3 Instructions: submit manufacturer's installation instructions.

## PART 2 PRODUCTS

## 2.1 CONDUITS

- .1 Rigid metal conduit: to CSA C22.2 No. 45, hot dipped galvanized steel threaded.
- .2 Epoxy coated conduit: to CSA C22.2 No. 45, with zinc coating and corrosion resistant epoxy finish inside and outside.
- .3 Electrical metallic tubing (EMT): to CSA C22.2 No. 83, with couplings.
- .4 Rigid PVC conduit: to CSA C22.2 No. 211.2.
- .5 Flexible metal conduit: to CSA C22.2 No. 56, aluminum liquid-tight flexible metal.
- .6 FRE conduit: to CSA C22.2.
- .7 Flexible PVC conduit: to CAN/CSA-C22.2 No. 227.3,

### 2.2 CONDUIT FASTENINGS

- One hole steel straps to secure surface conduits 50 mm and smaller. Two hole steel straps for conduits larger than 50 mm.
- .2 Beam clamps to secure conduits to exposed steel work.
- .3 Channel type supports for two or more conduits at 1.5 m oc.
- .4 Threaded rods, 6 mm dia., to support suspended channels.

# 2.3 CONDUIT FITTINGS

- .1 Fittings: manufactured for use with conduit specified. Coating: same as conduit.
- .2 Factory "ells" where 90°, 45 ° or 22.5 ° bends are required for 25 mm and larger conduits.
- .3 Ensure conduit bends other than factory "ells" are made with an approved bender. Making offsets and other bends by cutting and rejoining 90 degree bends are not permitted.
- .4 Connectors and couplings for EMT. Steel set-screw type, size as required.

#### 2.4 EXPANSION FITTINGS FOR RIGID CONDUIT

- .1 Weatherproof expansion fittings with internal bonding assembly suitable for 100 mm linear expansion.
- .2 Watertight expansion fittings with integral bonding jumper suitable for linear expansion and 19 mm deflection in all directions.
- .3 Weatherproof expansion fittings for linear expansion at entry to panel.

# 2.5 FISH CORD

.1 Polypropylene.

# PART 3 EXECUTION

### 3.1 MANUFACTURER'S INSTRUCTIONS

.1 Compliance: comply with manufacturer's written recommendations or specifications, including product technical bulletins, handling, storage and installation instructions, and datasheets.

## 3.2 INSTALLATION

.1 Install all conduit, conduit fittings and accessories in accordance with the latest edition of the Canadian Electrical Code in a manner that does not alter, change or violate any part of the installed system components or the CSA/UL certification of these components.

- .2 Install conduits to conserve headroom in exposed locations and cause minimum interference in spaces through which they pass.
- .3 Conceal conduits except in mechanical and electrical service rooms and in unfinished areas.
- .4 Surface mount conduits except in finished areas or as indicated.
- .5 Use rigid hot dipped galvanized steel threaded conduit for exposed work below 2.4 m above finished floor.
- .6 Use epoxy coated conduit underground in corrosive areas and where exposed to exterior elements. (ie: pole mounted service entrance conduits)
- .7 Use electrical metallic tubing (EMT) except in cast concrete and above 2.4 m not subject to mechanical injury, as well as concealed work in masonry construction.
- .8 Use rigid PVC conduit underground and buried in or under concrete slab on grade.
- .9 Use FRE conduit for encasement in concrete duct bank for service entrance feeders.
- .10 Use flexible metal conduit for connection to motors in dry areas connection to recessed incandescent fixtures without a prewired outlet box connection to surface or recessed fluorescent fixtures work in movable metal partitions.
- .11 Use liquid tight flexible metal conduit for connection to motors or vibrating equipment in damp, wet or corrosive locations.
- .12 Use AC-90 for vertical power supply drops to light fixtures.
- .13 Use explosion proof flexible connection for connection to explosion proof motors.
- .14 Install conduit sealing fittings in hazardous areas. Fill with compound.
- .15 Minimum conduit size for lighting and power circuits: 19 mm. 12 mm conduit is acceptable for switch leg drops only where one two-wire circuit and ground is required.
- .16 Install EMT conduit from computer room branch circuit panel to outlet boxes located in sub floor.
- .17 Install EMT conduit from computer room branch circuit panel to junction box in sub-floor immediately below panel. Run flexible conduit from junction box to outlet boxes for each computer in sub-floor.
- .18 Bend conduit cold. Replace conduit if kinked or flattened more than 1/10th of its original diameter.
- .19 Mechanically bend steel conduit over 19 mm dia.
- .20 Field threads on rigid conduit must be of sufficient length to draw conduits up tight.
- .21 Install fish cord in empty conduits.

- .22 Run 2 25 mm spare conduits up to ceiling space and 2 25 mm spare conduits down to ceiling space from each flush panel. Terminate these conduits in 152 x 152 x 102 mm junction boxes in ceiling space or in case of an exposed concrete slab, terminate each conduit in flush concrete type box.
- .23 Remove and replace blocked conduit sections. Do not use liquids to clean out conduits.
- .24 Dry conduits out before installing wire.

### 3.3 SURFACE CONDUITS

- .1 Run parallel or perpendicular to building lines.
- .2 Locate conduits behind infrared or gas fired heaters with 1.5 m clearance.
- .3 Run conduits in flanged portion of structural steel.
- .4 Group conduits wherever possible on suspended channels.
- .5 Do not pass conduits through structural members except as indicated.
- .6 Do not locate conduits less than 75 mm parallel to steam or hot water lines with minimum of 25 mm at crossovers.

### 3.4 CONCEALED CONDUITS

- .1 Run parallel or perpendicular to building lines.
- .2 Do not install horizontal runs in masonry walls.
- .3 Do not install conduits in terrazzo or concrete toppings.

# 3.5 CONDUITS IN CAST-IN-PLACE CONCRETE

- .1 Locate to suit reinforcing steel. Install in centre one third of slab. Use rigid PVC conduit.
- .2 Protect conduits from damage where they stub out of concrete. Use rigid steel conduit for stub-up and adapt to in floor rigid PVC conduit.
- .3 Install sleeves where conduits pass through slab or wall.
- .4 Provide oversized sleeve for conduits passing through waterproof membrane, before membrane is installed. Use cold mastic between sleeve and conduit.
- .5 Do not place conduits is slabs in which slab thickness is less than 4 times conduit diameter.
- .6 Encase conduits completely in concrete with minimum 25 mm concrete cover.
- .7 Organize conduits in slab to minimize cross-overs.

## 3.6 CONDUITS IN CAST-IN-PLACE SLABS ON GRADE

.1 Run conduits 25 mm and larger below slab and encased in 75 mm concrete envelope. Provide 50 mm of sand over concrete envelope below floor slab.

### 3.7 CONDUITS UNDERGROUND

- .1 Slope conduits to provide drainage.
- .2 Waterproof joints (PVC excepted) with heavy coat of bituminous paint.

### 3.8 CLEANING

- .1 Proceed in accordance with Section 01 74 00 Cleaning and Waste Processing.
- .2 On Completion and verification of performance of installation, remove surplus materials, excess materials rubbish, tools and equipment.

#### 1.1 RELATED SECTIONS

- .1 Section 01 74 20 Waste Managing and Disposal.
- .2 Section 01 91 00 Commissioning.
- .3 Section 26 05 00 Common Work Results.
- .4 Section 31 22 13 Rough Grading.

#### 1.2 REFERENCES

- .1 Canadian Standards Association, (CSA)
- .2 Insulated Cable Engineers Association, Inc. (ICEA)

## PART 2 PRODUCTS

## 2.1 CABLE PROTECTION

.1 38 x 140 mm planks pressure treated with copper napthenate or 5% pentachlorophenol solution, water repellent preservative.

### 2.2 MARKERS

- .1 Concrete type cable markers: 600 x 600 x 100 mm with words: cable, joint or conduit impressed in top surface, with arrows to indicate change in direction of cable and duct runs.
- .2 Wooden post type markers: 89 x 89 mm, 1.5 m long, pressure treated with copper napthenate or 5% pentachlorophenol solution, water repellent preservative, with nameplate fastened near post top, on side facing cable or conduit to indicate depth and direction of duct and cable runs.
  - .1 Nameplate: aluminum anodized 89 x 125 mm, 1.5 mm thick mounted on cedar post with mylar label 0.125 mm thick with words Cable, Joint or Conduit with arrows to indicate change in direction.

# PART 3 EXECUTION

#### 3.1 DIRECT BURIAL OF CABLES

- .1 Provide offsets for thermal action and minor earth movements. Offset cables 150 mm for each 60 m run, maintaining minimum cable separation and bending radius requirements.
- .2 Make termination and splice only as indicated leaving 0.6 m of surplus cable in each direction.

- .1 Make splices and terminations in accordance with manufacturer's instructions using approved splicing kits.
- .3 Underground cable splices not acceptable.
- .4 Minimum permitted radius at cable bends for rubber, plastic or lead covered cables, 8 times diameter of cable; for metallic armoured cables, 12 times diameter of cables or in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- .5 Cable separation:
  - .1 Maintain 75 mm minimum separation between cables of different circuits.
  - .2 Maintain 300 mm horizontal separation between low and high voltage cables.
  - .3 When low voltage cables cross high voltage cables maintain 300 mm vertical separation with low voltage cables in upper position.
  - .4 At crossover, maintain 75 mm minimum vertical separation between low voltage cables and 150 mm between high voltage cables.
  - .5 Maintain 300 mm minimum lateral and vertical separation for fire alarm and control cables when crossing other cables, with fire alarm and control cables in upper position.
  - .6 Install treated planks on lower cables 0.6 m in each direction at crossings.
- After sand protective cover specified in Section 31 23 33.01 Excavating, Trenching and Backfilling, is in place, install continuous row of overlapping 38 x 140 mm pressure treated planks as indicated to cover length of run.

### 3.2 CABLE INSTALLATION IN DUCTS

- .1 Install cables as indicated in ducts.
  - .1 Do not pull spliced cables inside ducts.
- .2 Install multiple cables in duct simultaneously.
- .3 Use CSA approved lubricants of type compatible with cable jacket to reduce pulling tension.
- .4 To facilitate matching of colour coded multiconductor control cables reel off in same direction during installation.
- .5 Before pulling cable into ducts and until cables are properly terminated, seal ends of lead covered cables with wiping solder; seal ends of non-leaded cables with moisture seal tape.
- .6 After installation of cables, seal duct ends with duct sealing compound.

#### 3.3 MARKERS

- .1 Mark cable every 150 m along cable runs and changes in direction.
- .2 Mark underground splices.
- .3 Where markers are removed to permit installation of additional cables, reinstall existing markers.

- .4 Install wooden post type markers.
- .5 Lay concrete markers flat and centred over cable with top flush with finish grade.

#### 3.4 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- .1 Perform tests in accordance with Section 26 05 00 Common Work Results and Section 01 91 00 Commissioning.
- .2 Perform tests using qualified personnel. Provide necessary instruments and equipment.
- .3 Check phase rotation and identify each phase conductor of each feeder.
- .4 Check each feeder for continuity, short circuits and grounds. Ensure resistance to ground of circuits is not less than 50 megohms.
- .5 Pre-acceptance tests.
  - .1 After installing cable but before splicing and terminating, perform insulation resistance test with 1000 V megger on each phase conductor.
  - .2 Check insulation resistance after each splice and/or termination to ensure that cable system is ready for acceptance testing.
- .6 Acceptance Tests
  - .1 Ensure that terminations and accessory equipment are disconnected.
  - .2 Ground shields, ground wires, metallic armour and conductors not under test.
  - .3 High Potential (Hipot) Testing.
    - .1 Conduct hipot testing at 100 % of original factory test voltage in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations.
  - .4 Leakage Current Testing.
    - .1 Raise voltage in steps from zero to maximum values as specified by manufacturer for type of cable being tested.
    - .2 Hold maximum voltage for specified time period by manufacturer.
    - .3 Record leakage current at each step.
- .7 Provide Contract Administrator with list of test results showing location at which each test was made, circuit tested and result of each test. Include results in Commissioning Manual.
- .8 Remove and replace entire length of cable if cable fails to meet any of test criteria.

#### 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

.1 Materials, components, cabinets, instruments and installation for metering and switchboard Instruments.

## 1.2 RELATED SECTIONS

- .1 Section 01 33 00 Submittal Procedures.
- .2 Section 01 74 20 Waste Management and Disposal.
- .3 Section 26 05 00 Common Work Results.

#### 1.3 REFERENCES

- .1 American National Standards Institute (ANSI)
  - .1 ANSI C39.1, Requirements, Electrical Analog Indicating Instruments.
- .2 Canadian Standards Association, (CSA)
  - .1 CAN3-C17, Alternating Current Electricity Metering.

#### 1.4 PRODUCT DATA

.1 Indicate meter, and instrument, outline dimensions, panel drilling dimensions and include cutout template.

# PART 2 PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 METER

- .1 Combination energy and demand meter: to CAN3-C17- AC Electricity Metering.
- .2 Accuracy: ±2 %.
- .3 'S' socket, 'A' base, bottom connected, rectangular, flush switchboard case, indoor. Ratings: as indicated.
- .5 Register: self contained, pulse contacts for transmitting signal.
- .6 Provision for remote sensing.

### 2.2 METER SOCKET

.1 Meter socket to suit meter with automatic current transformer shorting devices when meter removed.

#### 2.3 METER CABINET

.1 Sheet steel CSA enclosure with meter backplate, to accommodate meters, test terminal block and associated equipment, factory installed and wired.

#### 2.4 METERING INSTRUMENT TRANSFORMER CABINET

.1 Sheet steel CSA enclosure to accommodate potential and current transformers.

### 2.5 TEST TERMINAL BLOCKS

.1 Test terminal blocks: as required.

### 2.6 INDICATING INSTRUMENTS

- .1 Analogue or digital indicating instruments: to ANSI C39.1, Electrical Analogue Indicating Instruments, 1% accuracy, switchboard mounting, flush, case size 87 by 112 mm rectangular 180° scale, operated from shunt current transformer.
  - .1 Ammeter: true RMS range as indicated to suit project requirement.
  - .2 Voltmeter: true RMS range 0-250 V a.c. and 0-600 V a.c., as indicated.
  - .3 Wattmeter: range as indicated.
  - .4 Varmeter: range as indicated.
  - .5 Frequency meter: range 0-60 Hertz.
  - .6 Power factor meter: range 0-1.0.

# 2.7 INSTRUMENT SELECTOR SWITCHES

- .1 Voltmeter and Ammeter selector switches: rotary, multi-position, maintained contacts, panel mounting, round notched handle, rated to suit instruments, nameplate marked as indicated to coincide with each rotary position. Ammeter selector switches designed to preclude opening of current circuits.
- .2 Four position ammeter selector switches identified "off-A-B-C".
- .3 Four position voltmeter selector switches identified "A-B, B-C, C-A, off".
- .4 Seven position voltmeter selector switches identified "A-B, B-C, C-A, off, A-N, B-N, C-N".

### 2.8 SHOP INSTALLATION

- .1 Install meters and instrument transformers in separate compartment of switchboard.
- .2 Install instruments on switchboard.
- .3 Ensure adequate spacing between current transformers installed on each phase.
- .4 Verify correctness of connections, polarities of meters, instruments, potential and current transformers, transducers, signal sources, electrical supplies.

## PART 3 EXECUTION

## 3.1 METERING INSTALLATION

- .1 Install meters and instruments in location free from vibration and shock.
- .2 Make connections in accordance with diagrams.
- .3 If applicable, ensure power factor corrective equipment connected on load side of meter.
- .4 Connect meter and instrument transformer cabinets to ground.
- .5 Locate meters within 9 m of instrument transformers. Use 32 mm conduit for interconnections. Use separate conduit for each set of current transformer connections, exclusive for metering.

## 3.2 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- .1 Conduct tests in accordance with Section 26 05 00 Common Work Results and Section 01 91 00 Commissioning and in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations.
- .2 Perform simulated operation tests with metering, instruments disconnected from permanent signal and other electrical sources.
- .3 Verify correctness of connections, polarities of meters, instruments, potential and current transformers, transducers, signal sources and electrical supplies.
- .4 Perform tests to obtain correct calibration.
- .5 Do not dismantle meters and instruments.

#### 1.1 RELATED SECTIONS

- .1 Section 01 33 00 Submittal Procedures.
- .2 Section 01 61 00 Product Requirements.
- .3 Section 01 78 10 Closeout Submittals.
- .4 Section 01 91 00 –Commissioning.
- .5 Section 26 05 00 Common Work Results.

## 1.2 SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

- .1 Low voltage control system designed to provide remote switching of lighting loads by use of:
  - .1 Low voltage momentary contact switches
  - .2 Low voltage relays.
  - .3 Control transformers
  - .4 Low voltage rectifiers
  - .5 Manual switch control.
- .2 Manufacturer: Acuity nLight system.

### 1.3 SUBMITTALS

- .1 Product Data:
  - .1 Submit manufacturer's printed product literature, specifications and datasheet. Include product characteristics, performance criteria, and limitations.
    - .1 Submit two copies of Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System (WHMIS) Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS).
- .2 Shop Drawings:
  - .1 Submit drawings stamped and signed by professional Engineer registered or licensed in Province of Manitoba, Canada.
- .3 Closeout Submittals:
  - .1 Submit maintenance data in accordance with Section 01 78 10 Closeout Submittals.
- .4 Test reports:
  - .1 Submit certified test reports indicating compliance with specifications for specified performance characteristics and physical properties.
  - .2 Certificates: submit certificates signed by manufacturer certifying that materials comply with specified performance characteristics and physical properties.
  - .3 Manufacturer's Instructions: submit manufacturer's installation instructions.

.4 Manufacturer's Field Reports: manufacturer's field reports specified.

## 1.4 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- .1 Packing, shipping, handling and unloading:
  - .1 Deliver, store and handle in accordance with Section 01 61 00 Product Requirements.
  - .2 Deliver, store and handle materials in accordance with manufacturer's written instructions.

# PART 2 PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 MATERIALS

.1 Control system: by one manufacturer and assembled from compatible components.

### 2.2 REMOTE CONTROL SWITCHES

.1 Single pole, double throw, momentary contact, heavy duty, rated 3 A, 25 V, centre pivot rocker action with pilot lights where indicated.

#### 2.3 LOW VOLTAGE RELAYS

- .1 Electrically operated by momentary impulse, mechanically latched until activated.
- .2 Two coil solenoid type with one coil to close relay contacts and one coil to open relay contacts.
- .3 Operating voltage: 24 V, AC.
- .4 Load contacts: 20 A, 120 or 347 V, AC as indicated.
- .5 Auxiliary contacts for pilot light.
- .6 Coloured pre-stripped leads.

# 2.4 CONTROL TRANSFORMER

.1 Low voltage power Class 2, input 120 or 347 V, AC, 60 Hz, output 35 VA at 24 V.

#### 2.5 RECTIFIER

- .1 Selenium type: 24 V, AC, 60 Hz input, 0.36 A continuous duty output.
- .2 Silicon type: 24 V, AC, 60 Hz input, 7.5 A continuous duty output.

#### 2.6 MANUAL CONTROL

- .1 Individual remote control switches as indicated.
- .2 Eight circuit manual master selector switch mounted in 100 mm square box with:

- .1 Master lock-out switch
- .2 Individual red jewelled pilot lights.
- .3 Nine circuit manual dial-type master selector.
- .4 Twelve circuit manual dial-type master selector.

## 2.7 MOTOR OPERATED MASTER CONTROL

- .1 Motor-driven multiple contact momentary switching device.
- .2 Radial contact arm to rotate through one revolution in 17 s.
- .3 Contact made in succession between 25 points around circle.
- .4 One master required for "ON" operation and one for "OFF" operation.
- .5 Motor master units connected in cascade to control circuits as indicated.
- .6 Interface equipment as required to convert maintained contact signals to momentary contact control pulses.

### PART 3 EXECUTION

## 3.1 INSTALLATION

.1 Locate and install equipment in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations and as indicated.

# 3.2 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- .1 Perform tests in accordance with Section 26 05 00 Common Work Results and Section 01 91 00 Commissioning.
- .2 Actuate control units in presence of Contract Administrator or the City to demonstrate lighting circuits are controlled as designated.

### 1.1 RELATED SECTIONS

- .1 Section 01 33 00 Submittal Procedures.
- .2 Section 01 78 10 Closeout Submittals.
- .3 Section 01 91 00 -Commissioning.
- .4 Section 26 05 00 Common Work Results.

# PART 2 PRODUCTS

### 2.1 PHOTOELECTRIC LIGHTING CONTROL

- .1 Wall mounting.
- .2 Capable of switching 1800W of lighting at 120 V.
- .3 Voltage variation: plus or minus 10%.
- .4 Temperature range: minus 40 □C to plus 40° C.
- .5 Switching on lights at 1-5 lx.
- .6 Switching off lights at 6-15 lx.
- .7 Rated for 5000 operations.
- .8 Options:
  - .1 Lightning arrester.
  - .2 Fail-safe circuit completed when relay de-energized.
  - .3 Twist-lock type receptacle.
  - .4 Terminal strip.
  - .5 Sensitivity adjustment.
- .9 Switching time delay of 30 s.
- .10 Wall mounting bracket.
- .11 Colour coded leads: size 10 AWG, 460 mm long.

## 2.2 CONTACTOR

- .1 Cabinet mounting.
- .2 Capable of switching multiple lamp circuits with total lighting load of 6000 W.

- .3 Waterproof enclosure.
- .4 Manual override.

# PART 3 EXECUTION

# 3.1 INSTALLATION

.1 Install photoelectric controls in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.

# 3.2 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- .1 Perform tests in accordance with Section 26 05 00 Common Work Results and Section 01 91 00 Commissioning.
- .2 Actuate control unit in presence of Contract Administrator or the City to demonstrate lighting circuits are controlled as designated.

### 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

.1 Service equipment and installation.

### 1.2 RELATED SECTIONS

- .1 Section 26 05 28 Grounding Secondary.
- .2 Section 26 05 31 Splitters, Pull Boxes and Cabinets.
- .3 Section 26 24 16 Panelboards Breaker Type.
- .4 Section 26 28 16 Moulded Case Circuit Breakers.
- .5 Section 26 28 23 Disconnect Switches Fused and Non-Fused.

# PART 2 PRODUCTS

### 2.1 EQUIPMENT

- .1 Fused disconnect switch: in accordance with Section 26 28 23 Disconnect Switches Fused and Non-Fused, rating as indicated.
- .2 Enclosed circuit breaker: in accordance with Section 26 28 16 Moulded Case Circuit Breakers, rating as indicated.
- .3 Panelboard breaker type: in accordance with Section 26 24 16 Panelboards Breaker Type.
- .4 Cabinet type 'A' for utility revenue metering Junction box Pull box Splitter box: in accordance with Section 26 05 31 Splitters, Pull Boxes and Cabinets, size as indicated.

### PART 3 EXECUTION

# 3.1 INSTALLATION

- .1 Install service equipment.
- .2 Connect to incoming service.
- .3 Connect to outgoing load circuits.
- .4 Install ground fault equipment.
- .5 Make grounding connections in accordance with Section 26 05 28 Grounding Secondary.

.6 Make provision for power supply authority's metering.

### 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

.1 Materials and installation for service entrance board.

### 1.2 RELATED SECTIONS

- .1 Section 01 33 00 Submittal Procedures.
- .2 Section 01 78 10 Closeout Submittals.
- .3 Section 01 91 00 Commissioning.
- .4 Section 26 05 00 Common Work Results.

### 1.3 REFERENCES

- .1 Canadian Standards Association (CSA)
  - .1 CAN/CSA-C22.2 No.31, Switchgear Assemblies.

#### 1.4 SUBMITTALS

- .1 Indicate on shop drawings.
  - .1 Floor anchoring method and foundation template.
  - .2 Dimensioned cable entry and exit locations.
  - .3 Dimensioned position and size of bus.
  - .4 Overall length, height and depth.
  - .5 Dimensioned layout of internal and front panel mounted components.
- .2 Include time-current characteristic curves for circuit breakers and fuses.

## 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

.1 Submit 3 copies of certified test results.

# 1.6 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

- .1 Provide maintenance data for service entrance board for incorporation into manual specified in Section 01 78 10 Closeout Submittals.
- .2 Submit 3 copies maintenance data for complete assembly including components.

### 1.7 MAINTENANCE MATERIALS

- .1 Provide maintenance materials in accordance with Section 01 78 10 Closeout Submittals.
- .2 Include:

- .1 3 fuses for each type above 600A.
- .2 6 fuses for each type up to and including 600A.

## PART 2 PRODUCTS

## 2.1 SERVICE ENTRANCE BOARD

- .1 Service Entrance Board: to CAN/CSA-C22.2 No.31.
- .2 Rating: 208V, 3 phase, 4 wire, 600A, short circuit current 18 kA (rms symmetrical) and/or as indicated on electrical drawings. Cubicles: wall-mounted, or free standing, dead front, size as indicated.
- .3 Barrier metering section from adjoining sections.
- .4 Provision for installation of power supply authority metering in barriered section.
- .5 Metering with all required CT's and PT's.
- .6 Distribution section.
- .7 Hinged access panels with captive knurled thumb screws.
- .8 Bus bars and main connections: tin plated aluminum.
- .9 Bus from load terminals of main breaker or disconnect switch via metering section to main lugs of distribution section.
- .10 Bus from load terminals of main breaker or disconnect switch to metering section and from metering section to lugs of distribution section.
- .11 Identify phases with colour coding.

#### 2.2 MOULDED CASE CIRCUIT BREAKERS

.1 Refer to Section 26 28 16 – Moulded Case Circuit Breakers.

### 2.3 FUSIBLE DISCONNECTS AND FUSES

.1 Refer to Section 26 28 23 – Disconnect Switches – Fused and Non-fused.

## 2.4 GROUNDING

- .1 Copper ground bus extending full width of cubicles and located at bottom.
- .2 Lugs at each end for size 3/0 grounding cable.

# 2.5 POWER SUPPLY AUTHORITY METERING

.1 Separate compartment and metal raceway for exclusive use of power supply authority metering.

- .2 Provide mounting accessories and wiring for metering as follows and as indicated:
  - .1 potential transformers.
  - .2 current transformers.
  - .3 Demand meter with kWH register as required.
- .3 Coordinate supply and installation of current and potential transformers for utility metering with utility representative and Contract Administrator or the City. Carry all associated costs.

#### 2.6 FINISHES

- .1 Apply finishes in accordance with Section 26 05 00 Common Work Results.
  - .1 Service entrance board exterior: gray.

### 2.7 EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION

- .1 Provide equipment identification in accordance with Section 26 05 00 Common Work Results.
- .2 Nameplates:
  - .1 White plate, black letters, size 7.
  - .2 Complete board labelled: 120/208 or 347/600 V, 3 phase, 4 wire Amps as indicated.
  - .3 Main disconnect labelled: "Main Breaker or Switch".
  - .4 Branch disconnects labelled: as indicated.

### PART 3 EXECUTION

#### 3.1 INSTALLATION

- .1 Locate service entrance board and fasten to wall or floor as indicated.
- .2 Coordinate the supply and installation of current and potential transformers for utility metering with utility representative and Contract Administrator or the City.
- .3 Connect main secondary service to line terminals of main breaker or disconnect switch.
- .4 Connect load terminals of distribution breaker's or switches to feeders.
- .5 Run one grounding conductor 3/0 AWG bare copper in 25 mm conduit from ground bus to building ground.

# 3.2 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- .1 Perform tests in accordance Section 26 05 00 Common Work Results and Section 01 91 00 Commissioning.
- .2 Check factory made connections for mechanical security and electrical continuity.

- .3 Check trip unit settings and fuse sizes against co-ordination study to ensure proper working and protection of components.
- .4 Check operation of transient voltage surge suppressor.
- .5 Check operation of metering.

#### 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

.1 Materials and installation for standard and custom breaker type panelboards.

### 1.2 RELATED SECTIONS

- .1 Section 01 33 00 Submittal Procedures.
- .2 Section 01 91 00 Commissioning.
- .3 Section 06 10 053 Miscellaneous Rough Carpentry.
- .4 Section 26 05 00 Common Work Results.
- .5 Section 26 28 16 Moulded Case Circuit Breakers.

#### 1.3 REFERENCES

- .1 Canadian Standards Association (CSA)
  - .1 CSA C22.2 No.29, Panelboards and enclosed Panelboards.

### 1.4 SUBMITTALS

.1 Drawings to include electrical detail of panel, branch breaker type, quantity, ampacity and enclosure dimension.

### PART 2 PRODUCTS

## 2.1 PANELBOARDS

- .1 Panelboards: to CSA C22.2 No.29 and product of one manufacturer.
  - .1 Install circuit breakers in panelboards before shipment.
  - .2 In addition to CSA requirements manufacturer's nameplate must show fault current that panel including breakers has been built to withstand.
- .2 250 and 600 V panelboards: bus and breakers rated for 10,000 and 18,000 A (symmetrical) minimum interrupting capacity respectively or as indicated on electrical drawings.
- .3 Sequence phase bussing with odd numbered breakers on left and even on right, with each breaker identified by permanent number identification as to circuit number and phase.
- .4 Panelboards: mains, number of circuits, and number and size of branch circuit breakers as indicated.
- .5 Two keys for each panelboard and key panelboards alike.

- .6 Tin plated aluminum bus with neutral of same ampere rating as mains.
- .7 Mains: suitable for bolt-on breakers.
- .8 Trim with concealed front bolts and hinges.
- .9 Trim and door finish: baked grey enamel.

### 2.2 CUSTOM BUILT PANELBOARD ASSEMBLIES

- .1 125 mm relay section on one or both sides of panels as indicated for installation of low voltage remote control switching components.
- .2 Double stack panels as indicated.
- .3 Contactors in mains as indicated.
- .4 Feed through lugs as indicated.

## 2.3 BREAKERS

- .1 Breakers: to Section 26 28 16 Moulded Case Circuit Breakers.
- .2 Breakers with thermal and magnetic tripping in panelboards except as indicated otherwise.
- .3 Main breaker: separately mounted on top or bottom of panel to suit cable entry. When mounted vertically, down position should open breaker.
- .4 Lock-on devices for 10% of 15 to 30 A breakers installed as indicated. Turn over unused lock-on devices to Contract Administrator.
- Lock-on devices for receptacles, fire alarm clock outlet, emergency, door supervisory, intercom, stairway, exit and night light circuits as indicated.

### 2.4 EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION

- .1 Provide equipment identification in accordance with Section 26 05 00 Common Work Results.
- .2 Nameplate for each panelboard size 4 engraved as indicated.
- .3 Nameplate for each circuit in distribution panelboards size 2 engraved as indicated.
- .4 Complete circuit directory with typewritten legend showing location and load of each circuit.

# PART 3 EXECUTION

# 3.1 INSTALLATION

- .1 Locate panelboards as indicated and mount securely, plumb, true and square, to adjoining surfaces.
- .2 Install surface mounted panelboards on plywood backboards in accordance with Section 06 10 53 Miscellaneous Rough Carpentry. Where practical, group panelboards on common backboard.
- .3 Mount panelboards to height specified in Section 26 05 00 Common Work Results.
- .4 Connect loads to circuits.
- .5 Connect neutral conductors to common neutral bus with respective neutral identified.

#### 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

.1 Switches, receptacles, wiring devices, cover plates and their installation.

### 1.2 RELATED SECTIONS

- .1 Section 01 33 00 Submittal Procedures.
- .2 Section 01 91 00 –Commissioning.
- .3 Section 26 05 00 Common Work Results.

## 1.3 REFERENCES

- .1 Canadian Standards Association (CSA)
  - .1 CSA-C22.2 No.42, General Use Receptacles, Attachment Plugs and Similar Devices.
  - .2 CSA-C22.2 No.42.1, Cover Plates for Flush-Mounted Wiring Devices (Bi-national standard, with UL 514D).
  - .3 CSA-C22.2 No.55, Special Use Switches.
  - .4 CSA-C22.2 No.111, General-Use Snap Switches (Bi-national standard, with UL 20, twelfth edition).

# PART 2 PRODUCTS

## 2.1 SWITCHES

- .1 15 A, 120 V, single pole, double pole, three-way, four-way switches as indicated to: CSA-C22.2 No.55 and CSA-C22.2 No.111.
- .2 Manually-operated general purpose ac switches with following features:
  - .1 Terminal holes approved for No. 10 AWG wire.
  - .2 Silver alloy contacts.
  - .3 Urea or melamine moulding for parts subject to carbon tracking.
  - .4 Suitable for back and side wiring.
  - .5 White toggle.
  - .6 Specification grade.
  - .7 Hospital grade as indicated.
- .3 Toggle operated fully rated for tungsten filament and fluorescent lamps, and up to 80% of rated capacity of motor loads.
- .4 Switches of one manufacturer throughout project.
- .5 Acceptable products:

- .1 Hubbel HBL 1201 W,
- .2 Leviton 1201-2W,
- .3 Pass and Seymour.

## 2.2 RECEPTACLES

- .1 Duplex receptacles, CSA type 5-15 R, 125 V, 15 A, U ground, to: CSA-C22.2 No.42 with following features:
  - .1 Ivory thermoplastic moulded housing.
  - .2 Suitable for No. 10 AWG for back and side wiring.
  - .3 Break-off links for use as split receptacles.
  - .4 Eight back wired entrances, four side wiring screws.
  - .5 Triple wipe contacts and riveted grounding contacts.
  - .6 Specification grade.
  - .7 Hospital grade as indicated.
- .2 Single receptacles CSA type 5-15 R, 125 V, 15 A, U ground with following features:
  - .1 Ivory thermoplastic moulded housing.
  - .2 Suitable for No. 10 AWG for back and side wiring.
  - .3 Four back wired entrances, 2 side wiring screws.
- .3 Other receptacles with ampacity and voltage as indicated.
- .4 Receptacles of one manufacturer throughout project.
- .5 Acceptable products:
  - .1 Hubbel 5262-W,
  - .2 Leviton 5262-W,
  - .3 Pass and Seymour 5262-W.

### 2.3 SPECIAL WIRING DEVICES

- .1 Special wiring devices:
  - .1 Clock hanger outlets, 15 A, 125 V, 3 wire, grounding type, suitable for No. 10 AWG for installation in flush outlet box.
  - .2 Pilot lights as indicated, with neon type 0.04 W, 125 V lamp and red plastic jewel lense, flush type.

# 2.4 WIRING DEVICES FOR COMPUTER ROOMS

.1 As indicated.

### 2.5 COVER PLATES

- .1 Cover plates for wiring devices to: CSA-C22.2 No.42.1.
- .2 Cover plates from one manufacturer throughout project.
- .3 Sheet steel utility box cover for wiring devices installed in surface-mounted utility boxes.

- .4 Nylon ivory or stainless steel cover plates as indicated, thickness 2.5 mm for wiring devices mounted in flush-mounted outlet box.
- .5 Sheet metal cover plates for wiring devices mounted in surface-mounted FS or FD type conduit boxes.
- .6 Weatherproof double lift spring-loaded cast aluminum cover plates, complete with gaskets for duplex receptacles as indicated.
- .7 Weatherproof spring-loaded cast aluminum cover plates complete with gaskets for single receptacles or switches.
- .8 All wiring device cover plates to be labeled using clear adhesive strips with black type identifying panel and circuit number for each device.

# PART 3 EXECUTION

#### 3.1 INSTALLATION

- .1 Switches:
  - .1 Install single throw switches with handle in "UP" position when switch closed.
  - .2 Install switches in gang type outlet box when more than one switch is required in one location.
  - .3 Mount toggle switches at height in accordance with Section 26 05 00 Common Work Results.

# .2 Receptacles:

- .1 Install receptacles in gang type outlet box when more than one receptacle is required in one location.
- .2 Mount receptacles at height in accordance with Section 26 05 00 Common Work Results.
- .3 Where split receptacle has one portion switched, mount vertically and switch upper portion.

# .3 Cover plates:

- .1 Protect cover plate finish with paper or plastic film until painting and other work is finished.
- .2 Install suitable common cover plates where wiring devices are grouped.
- .3 Do not use cover plates meant for flush outlet boxes on surface-mounted boxes.

#### 1.1 RELATED SECTIONS

- .1 Section 01 33 00 Submittal Procedures.
- .2 Section 01 91 00 Commissioning.
- .3 Section 26 05 00 Common Work Results.

#### 1.2 SUBMITTALS

.1 Include time-current characteristic curves for breakers with ampacity of 600 A and over or with interrupting capacity of 22,000 A symmetrical (rms) and over at system voltage.

### PART 2 PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 BREAKERS GENERAL

- .1 Bolt-on moulded case circuit breaker: quick- make, quick-break type, for manual and automatic operation with temperature compensation for 40°C ambient.
- .2 Common-trip breakers: with single handle for multi-pole applications.
- .3 Magnetic instantaneous trip elements in circuit breakers to operate only when value of current reaches setting. Trip settings on breakers with adjustable trips to range from 3-8 times current rating.
- .4 Circuit breakers with interchangeable trips as indicated.
- .5 Circuit breakers to have minimum of 10,000 A symmetrical rms interrupting capacity rating.

#### 2.2 THERMAL MAGNETIC BREAKERS DESIGN A

.1 Moulded case circuit breaker to operate automatically by means of thermal and magnetic tripping devices to provide inverse time current tripping and instantaneous tripping for short circuit protection.

#### 2.3 FUSED THERMAL MAGNETIC BREAKERS DESIGN B

.1 Fused thermal magnetic breakers with current limiting fuses internally mounted. Time current limiting characteristics of fuses coordinated with time current tripping characteristics of circuit breaker. Coordination to result in interruption by breaker of fault-level currents up to interrupting capacity of breaker. Fuses individually removable and interlocked with breaker. Removal of fuse cover, blowing of a fuse or removal of a fuse, to trip breaker.

### 2.4 SOLID STATE TRIP BREAKERS DESIGN C

.1 Moulded case circuit breaker to operate by means of a solid-state trip unit with associated current monitors and self-powered shunt trip to provide inverse time current trip under overload condition, and long time short time, instantaneous tripping for phase and ground fault short circuit protection.

## 2.5 OPTIONAL FEATURES

- .1 Include:
  - .1 shunt trip.
  - .2 auxiliary switch.
  - .3 motor-operated mechanism c/w time delay unit.
  - .4 under-voltage release.
  - .5 on-off locking device.
  - .6 handle mechanism.

## 2.6 ENCLOSURE

.1 Mounted in NEMA 1 type enclosure, sprinkler proof as indicated.

# PART 3 EXECUTION

## 3.1 INSTALLATION

.1 Install circuit breakers as indicated.

### 1.1 RELATED SECTIONS

- .1 Section 01 33 00 Submittal Procedures.
- .2 Section 01 91 00 –Commissioning.
- .3 Section 26 05 00 Common Work Results.

# PART 2 PRODUCTS

## 2.1 DISCONNECT SWITCHES

- .1 Fusible and non-fusible, disconnect switch in CSA Enclosure type 1, size as indicated.
- .2 Provision for padlocking in on-off switch position by three locks.
- .3 Mechanically interlocked door to prevent opening when handle in ON position.
- .4 Fuses: size as indicated, to Section 26 28 23 Disconnect Switches Fused and Non-Fused.
- .5 Fuseholders: suitable without adaptors, for type and size of fuse indicated.
- .6 Quick-make, quick-break action.
- .7 ON-OFF switch position indication on switch enclosure cover.

### 2.2 EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION

- .1 Provide equipment identification in accordance with Section 26 05 00 Common Work Results.
- .2 Indicate name of load controlled on size 4 nameplate.

### PART 3 EXECUTION

### 3.1 INSTALLATION

.1 Install disconnect switches complete with fuses as indicated.

#### 1.1 RELATED SECTIONS

- .1 Section 01 33 00 Submittal Procedures.
- .2 Section 01 91 00 –Commissioning.
- .3 Section 26 05 00 Common Work Results.

### 1.2 REFERENCES

- .1 International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC)
  - .1 IEC 947-4-1, Part 4: Contactors and motor-starters.

#### 1.3 SUBMITTALS

- .1 Submit shop drawings to indicate:
  - .1 Mounting method and dimensions.
  - .2 Starter size and type.
  - .3 Layout of identified internal and front panel components.
  - .4 Enclosure types.
  - .5 Wiring diagram for each type of starter.
  - .6 Interconnection diagrams.
- .2 For factory manufactured motor starters, submit shop drawings from a manufacturer certified by CSA, IEC or CUL.
- .3 For custom/built assembled motor starters/control panels, submit shop drawings and control diagrams from a CSA certified Control Panel Supplier.

## 1.4 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

- .1 Provide operation and maintenance data for motor starters for incorporation into manual specified in Section 01 78 10 Closeout Submittals.
- .2 Include operation and maintenance data for each type and style of starter.

### 1.5 EXTRA MATERIALS

- .1 Provide maintenance materials in accordance with Section 01 78 10 Closeout Submittals.
- .2 Provide listed spare parts for each different size and type of starter:
  - .1 3 contacts, stationary.
  - .2 3 contacts, movable.
  - .3 1 contacts, auxiliary.
  - .4 1 control transformer.

- .5 1 operating coil.
- .6 2 fuses.
- .7 10% indicating lamp bulbs used.

### PART 2 PRODUCTS

### 2.1 MATERIALS

.1 Starters: to IEC 947-4 with AC4 utilization category.

### 2.2 MANUAL MOTOR STARTERS

- .1 Single and Three phase manual motor starters of size, type, rating, and enclosure type as indicated, with components as follows:
  - .1 Switching mechanism, quick make and break.
  - .2 One and Three overload heaters, as indicated, manual reset, trip indicating handle.

### .2 Accessories:

- .1 Toggle switch or pushbutton: heavy duty labelled as indicated.
- .2 Indicating light: heavy duty type and colour as indicated.
- .3 Locking tab to permit padlocking in "ON" or "OFF" position.

# 2.3 FULL VOLTAGE MAGNETIC STARTERS

- .1 Magnetic and combination magnetic starters of size, type, rating and enclosure type as indicated with components as follows:
  - .1 Contactor solenoid operated, rapid action type.
  - .2 Motor overload protective device in each phase, manually reset from outside enclosure.
  - .3 Wiring and schematic diagram inside starter enclosure in visible location.
  - .4 Identify each wire and terminal for external connections, within starter, with permanent number marking identical to diagram.
- .2 Combination type starters to include fused disconnect switch with operating lever on outside of enclosure to control disconnect, and provision for:
  - .1 Locking in "OFF" position with up to 3 padlocks.
  - .2 Independent locking of enclosure door.
  - .3 Provision for preventing switching to "ON" position while enclosure door open.

### .3 Accessories:

- .1 Pushbuttons and selector switches: heavy duty, oil tight, labelled as indicated.
- .2 Indicating lights: heavy duty, oil tight type and color as indicated.
- .3 1-N/O and 1-N/C spare auxiliary contacts unless otherwise indicated.

#### 2.4 FULL VOLTAGE REVERSING MAGNETIC STARTERS

- .1 Full voltage reversing magnetic starters of size, type, rating and enclosure type as indicated with components as follows:
  - .1 Two 3 pole magnetic contactors mounted on common base.
  - .2 Mechanical and electrical interlocks to prevent both contactors from operating at same time.
  - .3 Three overload relays with heater elements, manual reset.

## .2 Accessories:

- .1 Pushbuttons and selector switches: heavy duty, oil tight, labelled as indicated.
- .2 Indicating lights: heavy duty, oil tight type and color as indicated.
- .3 Auxiliary control devices as indicated.

### 2.5 MULTI-SPEED STARTERS

- .1 2 speed starters of size, type, rating and enclosure type as indicated. Starter suitable for constant kW type motor and with components as follows:
  - .1 One-3 pole contactor for each winding for separate winding motors.
  - .2 One-3 pole and one-5 pole contactor for each reconnectable winding for consequent pole type motors.
  - .3 Three overload relays with 3 heater elements and manual reset for each speed.

### .2 Accessories:

- .1 Pushbuttons and selector switches: heavy duty, oil tight, labelled as indicated.
- .2 Indicating lights: heavy duty, oil tight type and color as indicated.
- .3 Auxiliary control devices as indicated.
- .4 Automatic sequence relays for each speed.

# 2.6 MAGNETIC STARTER, REDUCED VOLTAGE, AUTO-TRANSFORMER

- .1 Auto-transformer starter closed circuit transition type, of size, type, rating and enclosure type as indicated and with following components:
  - .1 Three-3 pole contactors.
  - .2 Auto-transformer with 50%, 65% and 80% taps.
  - .3 One adjustable pneumatic timing relay.
  - .4 One-3 pole manual reset overload device.
  - .5 Thermal overload protection of auto-transformers.

### .2 Accessories:

- .1 Pushbuttons and selector switches: heavy duty, oil tight, labelled as indicated.
- .2 Indicating lights: heavy duty, oil tight type and color as indicated.
- .3 Auxiliary control devices as indicated.

# 2.7 MAGNETIC STARTER REDUCED VOLTAGE STAR-DELTA

.1 Reduced voltage star-delta open transition starter, of size, type, rating and enclosure type as indicated, with components as follows:

- .1 Two-3 pole delta contactors with auxiliary relays and interlocks.
- .2 One-3 pole star contactor with auxiliary relays and interlocks.
- .3 Mechanical interlock to interlock one delta contactor and the star contactor.
- .4 One timing relay.
- .5 Three pole manual reset overload relays.
- .2 Reduced voltage star-delta closed transition starter, of size, type, rating and enclosure type as indicated, with components as follows:
  - .1 Two-3 pole delta contactors with auxiliary relays and interlocks.
  - .2 One-3 pole star contactor with auxiliary relay and interlocks.
  - .3 One-3 pole transition contactor.
  - .4 One set of transition resistors.
  - .5 Mechanical interlock, to interlock one delta contactor and the star contactor.
  - .6 One timing relay.
  - .7 Three pole manual reset overload relays.
- .3 Accessories:
  - .1 Pushbuttons and selector switches: heavy duty, oil tight, labelled as indicated.
  - .2 Indicating lights: heavy duty, oil tight type and color as indicated.
  - .3 Auxiliary control devices as indicated.

#### 2.8 MAGNETIC STARTER REDUCED VOLTAGE PART WINDING

- .1 Two-step reduced voltage, part winding starter of size, type, rating and enclosure type as indicated, with components as follows:
  - .1 Two-3 pole contactors.
  - .2 Adjustable pneumatic timer.
  - .3 Six manual reset overload relays.
- .2 Three step reduced voltage part winding starter of size, type, rating and enclosure type as indicated, with components as follows:
  - .1 Three-3 pole contactors.
  - .2 One set starting resistors.
  - .3 Six manual reset overload relays.
- .3 Accessories:
  - .1 Pushbuttons and selector switches: heavy duty, oil tight, labelled as indicated.
  - .2 Indicating lights: heavy duty, oil tight type and color as indicated.
  - .3 Auxiliary control devices as indicated.

# 2.9 THREE PHASE MANUAL REVERSING STARTER

- .1 Three phase manual reversing starter of size, type, rating and enclosure type as indicated, with components as follows:
  - .1 Two-3 pole manual motor starters, quick make and break.
  - .2 Six overload relays and manual reset.

- .3 Mechanical interlock to prevent both switches from closing at same time.
- .2 Accessories
  - .1 Pushbuttons and selector switches: heavy duty, oil tight, labelled as indicated.
  - .2 Indicating lights: heavy duty, oil tight type and color as indicated.

### 2.10 THREE PHASE MANUAL TWO SPEED SEPARATE WINDING STARTERS

- .1 Three phase manual two speed separate winding starters of size, type, rating and enclosure type as indicated with components as follows:
  - .1 Two-3 pole manual motor starters, quick make and break.
  - .2 Six overload relays and manual reset.
  - .3 Mechanical interlock to prevent both switches from closing at same time.
- .2 Accessories:
  - .1 Pushbuttons and selector switches: heavy duty, oil tight, labelled as indicated.
  - .2 Indicating lights: heavy duty, oil tight type and color as indicated.

#### 2.11 DC FULL VOLTAGE NON-REVERSING STARTERS

- .1 DC full voltage non-reversing starters of size, type, rating and enclosure type as indicated, with components as follows:
  - .1 Contactor: single or two pole solenoid operated type as required.
  - .2 Indirectly-heated, manual reset thermal overload relay.
- .2 Accessories:
  - .1 Pushbuttons: heavy duty, oil tight labelled as indicated.
  - .2 Selector switches: heavy duty, oil tight labelled as indicated.
  - .3 Indicating lights: heavy duty type and colour as indicated.

### 2.12 DC FULL VOLTAGE REVERSING STARTERS

- .1 DC full voltage reversing starter of size, type, rating and enclosure type as indicated, with components as follows:
  - .1 Two contactors: single or two pole solenoid operated type, mechanically and electrically interlocked.
  - .2 Indirectly-heated, manual reset thermal overload relay.
- .2 Accessories:
  - .1 Pushbuttons and selector switches: heavy duty, oil tight, labelled as indicated.
  - .2 Indicating lights: heavy duty, oil tight type and color as indicated.
  - .3 Auxiliary control devices as indicated.

# 2.13 CONTROL TRANSFORMER

- .1 Single phase, dry type, control transformer with primary voltage as indicated and 24 or 120 V secondary, complete with secondary fuse, installed in with starter as indicated.
- .2 Size control transformer for control circuit load plus 20% spare capacity.

### 2.14 FINISHES

.1 Apply finishes to enclosure in accordance with Section 26 05 00 – Common Work Results.

### 2.15 EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION

- .1 Provide equipment identification in accordance with Section 26 05 00 Common Work Results.
- .2 Manual starter designation label, white plate, black letters, size 1, engraved as indicated.
- .3 Magnetic starter designation label, white plate, black letters, size 2 engraved as indicated.

# PART 3 EXECUTION

### 3.1 INSTALLATION

- .1 Install starters, connect power and control as indicated.
- .2 Ensure correct fuses and overload devices elements installed.
- .3 Confirm motor nameplate and adjust overload device to suit.

## 3.2 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- .1 Perform tests in accordance with Section 26 05 00 Common Work Results, manufacturer's instructions and Section 01 91 00 Commissioning.
- .2 Operate switches, contactors to verify correct functioning.
- .3 Perform starting and stopping sequences of contactors and relays.
- .4 Check that sequence controls, interlocking with other separate related starters, equipment, control devices, operate as indicated.

#### 1.1 REFERENCES

- .1 American National Standards Institute (ANSI)
  - .1 ANSI C82.1, Electric Lamp Ballasts-Line Frequency Fluorescent Lamp Ballast.
  - .2 ANSI C82.4, Ballasts for High-Intensity-Discharge and Low-Pressure Sodium Lamps.
- .2 American National Standards Institute/Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers (ANSI/IEEE)
  - .1 ANSI/IEEE C62.41, Surge Voltages in Low-Voltage AC Power Circuits.
- .3 American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM)
  - .1 ASTM F1137, Specification for Phosphate/Oil and Phosphate/Organic Corrosion Protective Coatings for Fasteners.
- .4 United States of America, Federal Communications Commission (FCC)
  - .1 FCC (CFR47) EM and RF Interference Suppression.

### 1.2 RELATED SECTIONS

- .1 Section 01 33 00 Submittal Procedures.
- .2 Section 01 45 00 Quality Control.
- .3 Section 01 91 00 Commissioning.

### 1.3 SUBMITTALS

- .1 Submit complete photometric data prepared by independent testing laboratory for luminaires where specified, for review by Contract Administrator or the City.
- .2 Photometric data to include: VCP Table and spacing criterion and luminaire coefficient of utilization (CU) tables.
- .3 Provide manufacturer's printed product literature, specifications and datasheet and include product characteristics, performance criteria, physical size, finish and limitations.
- .4 Quality assurance submittals: provide the following in accordance with Section 01 45 00 Quality Control.
  - .1 Manufacturer's instructions: provide manufacturer's written installation instructions and special handling criteria, installation sequence, cleaning procedures and relamping schedule.

## 1.4 DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING

.1 Deliver, store and handle materials in accordance with Section 01 61 00 - Product Requirements.

- .2 Deliver materials to site in original factory packaging, labelled with manufacturer's name, address.
- .3 Divert unused metal materials from landfill to metal recycling facility.
- .4 Disposal and recycling of fluorescent lamps as per local regulations.
- .5 Disposal of old PCB filled ballasts.

### 1.5 ACCEPTABLE PRODUCTS

- .1 Luminaires described in the Lighting Fixture Schedule identify quality, performance criteria and other parameters, as indicated for this project. Named fixtures are acceptable with modifications and accessories, as indicated.
- .2 Fixtures from other manufacturers may be acceptable provided:
  - .1 Appearance and lighting performance are similar.
  - .2 Quality is equal or better.
  - .3 Lamp and ballast criteria remain the same.
  - .4 The fixture is provided with modifications and accessories to provide a complete product in keeping with the intent of the project.
  - Approval in writing is obtained from the Contract Administrator or the City to the supplier/manufacturer 5 days prior to Bid closing date.

### PART 2 PRODUCTS

### 2.1 LUMINAIRES

- .1 Manufacturers:
  - .1 Refer to Luminaire Schedule on drawings.

### 2.2 LED LUMINAIRES AND DRIVERS

- .1 All Luminaires
  - .1 Comply with IES LM-79-08 Approved Method for measuring lumen maintenance of LED light sources.
  - .2 Comply with IES LM-80-08 Approved Method for electrical and photometric measurement of SSL product.
  - .3 LED's shall be Restriction of Hazardous Substances Directive (RoHS) compliant.
  - .4 LED arrays shall be sealed, high performance, lone life type; minimum 70% rated output at 50,000 hours.
  - .5 LED luminaires shall deliver a minimum of 60 lumens per watt.
    - .1 LED's shall be "Bin No. 1" quality.
  - .6 Drivers shall be solid state and accept 120 through 277 VAC at 60 Hz input.
  - .7 The LED lilght source shall be fully dimmable with use of compatible dimmers switch designated for low voltage loads.

- .8 LED color temperatures: CRI 85, 2700K as noted +/- 145K.
- .9 LED color temperatures: CRI 85, 4000K as noted +/- 275K.
- .10 LED color temperatures: CRI 85, 5000K as noted +/- 283K.
- .11 Luminaires shall have internal thermal protection.
- .12 Luminaires shall not draw power in the off state. Luminaires with integral occupancy, motion, photo-controls, or individually addressable luminaires with external control and intelligence are exempt from this requirement. The power draw for such luminaires shall not exceed 0.5 watts when in the off stat.
- .13 Color spatial uniformity shall be within .004 of CIE 1976 diagram.
- .14 Color maintenance over rated life shall be within .007 of CIE 1976.
- .15 Indoor luminaires shall have a minimum CRI of 85.
- .16 Luminaire manufacturers shall adhere to device manufacturer guidelines, certification programs, and test procedures for thermal management.
- .17 LED package(s) modules(s)/array(s) used in qualified luminaires shall deliver a minimum 70% of initial lumens, when installed in-situ, for a minimum of 50,000 hours.
- .18 Luminaires shall be fully accessible from below ceiling plane for changing drivers, power supplies and arrays.

## .2 Power Supplies and Drivers

- .1 MB Hydro Powersmart approved.
- .2 Power Factor: 0.90 or higher
- .3 Maximum driver case temperature not to exceed driver manufacturer recommended in-situ operation.
- .4 Output operating frequency: 60Hx.
- .5 Interference: EMI and RFI compliant with FCC 47 CFR Part 15.
- .6 Total Harmonic Distortion Rating: 20% Maximum.
- .7 Meet electrical and thermal conditions as described in LM-80 Section 5.0.
- .8 Primary Current: Confirm primary current with Drawings.
- .9 Secondary Current: Confirm secondary current specified by individual luminaire manufacturers.
- .10 Compatibility: Certified by manufacturer for use with individually specified luminaire and individually specified control components.
- .11 Solid-stat control components to be integral or external per each specified luminaire. Remote control gear to be enclosed in Class 1, Class 2, or NEMA 3R enclosures as required.

#### .3 Controller and Control System

- .1 System electronics driver / controller to use coordinated communication protocols: DMX512, 0-10V, DALI, or proprietary as required.
- .2 The Contractor shall ensure that eternal control equipment is compatible with LED control requirements.
- .3 Provide connector types and wiring as appropriate for un-interrupted communication between devices, considering distance maximums, field obstructions, and accessibility. Ensure that connection points are optically isolated for system noise reduction.

.4 Compatibility: Certified by manufacturer for use with individually specified luminaire and individually specified power supplies and/or drivers.

#### 2.3 ACCESSORIES

- .1 Description: Standard down light reflector shall be semi-specular unless noted otherwise.
- .2 Joiner Fittings: As specified for linear lighting systems, or as required for end to end continuous row mounting as indicated on drawings. Fitting to match style and finish of luminaire specified.
- .3 End Caps: As specified for linear lighting systems, or as required for end of row or standalone luminaire installations as indicated on drawings. End caps to match style and finish of luminaire specified.
- .4 Wireguard: As specified for luminaire, or as indicated on the drawings.
  - .1 Gauge: Minimum 10 gauge unless noted otherwise.

#### 2.4 SOURCE QUALITY CONTROL

- .1 Section 01 43 00: Manufacturer quality control.
- .2 Certify fluorescent ballast design and construction by Certified Ballast Manufacturers, Inc.

#### 2.5 FINISHES

.1 Light fixture finish and construction to meet ULC listings and CSA certifications related to intended installation.

#### 2.6 OPTICAL CONTROL DEVICES

.1 As indicated in luminaire schedule on drawings.

## PART 3 EXECUTION

#### 3.1 INSTALLATION

- .1 Locate and install luminaires as indicated. Install lamps in all fixtures.
  - .1 Provide adequate support to suit ceiling system.

#### 3.2 WIRING

- .1 Connect luminaires to lighting circuits.
  - .1 Install flexible conduit for vertical power supply drop to luminaires as indicated. Horizontal wiring using flexible conduit is not permitted.

## 3.3 LUMINAIRE SUPPORTS

.1 For suspended ceiling installations support luminaires from ceiling grid in accordance with local inspection requirements.

# 3.4 LUMINAIRE ALIGNMENT

- .1 Align luminaires mounted in continuous rows to form straight uninterrupted line.
- .2 Align luminaires mounted individually parallel or perpendicular to building grid lines.

# 3.5 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

.1 Perform tests in accordance with Section 26 05 00 – Common Work Results and Section 01 91 00 – Commissioning.

#### 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

.1 Materials and installation for emergency lighting systems.

## 1.2 RELATED SECTIONS

- .1 Section 01 33 00 Submittal Procedures.
- .2 Section 01 91 00 Commissioning.
- .3 Section 26 05 00 Common Work Results.
- .4 Section 26 05 21 Wires and Cables (0-1000 V).
- .5 Section 26 05 34 Conduits, Conduit Fastenings and Conduit Fittings.

#### 1.3 REFERENCES

- .1 Canadian Standards Association (CSA)
  - .1 CSA C22.2 No.141, Unit Equipment for Emergency Lighting.

# 1.4 SUBMITTALS

.1 Data to indicate system components, mounting method, source of power and special attachments.

## 1.5 WARRANTY

.1 For batteries, the ten years' warranty period is extended to 120 months, with no-charge replacement during the first 5 years and pro-rate charge on the second 5 years from the date of Substantial Completion.

## PART 2 PRODUCTS

# 2.1 EQUIPMENT

- .1 Emergency lighting equipment: to CSA C22.2 No.141.
- .2 Manufacturer: AimLite
- .3 Supply voltage: 120 V, ac.
- .4 Output voltage: 24 V dc.
- .5 Operating time: 30 minute.

- .6 Battery: sealed, maintenance free.
- .7 Charger: solid state, multi-rate, voltage/current regulated, inverse temperature compensated, short circuit protected with regulated output of plus or minus 0.01V for plus or minus 10% input variations.
- .8 Solid state transfer circuit.
- .9 Low voltage disconnect: solid state, modular, operates at 80% battery output voltage.
- .10 Signal lights: solid state, for 'AC Power ON'.
- .11 Lamp heads: integral on unit and remote, 345 degrees horizontal and 180 degrees vertical adjustment. Lamp type: LED.
- .12 Cabinet: suitable for direct or shelf mounting to wall and c/w knockouts for conduit. Removable or hinged front panel for easy access to batteries.
- .13 Finish: standard.
- .14 Auxiliary equipment:
  - .1 Test switch.
  - .2 Time delay relay.
  - .3 Battery disconnect device.
  - .4 AC input and DC output terminal blocks inside cabinet.
  - .5 Shelf
  - .6 Cord and single twist-lock plug connection for AC.
  - .7 RFI suppressors.

#### 2.2 WIRING OF REMOTE HEADS

- .1 Conduit: type EMT, in accordance with Section 26 05 34 Conduits, Conduit Fastenings and Conduit Fittings.
- .2 Conductors: RW90 type in accordance with Section 26 05 21 Wires and Cables (0-1000 V) sized as indicated in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations.

## PART 3 EXECUTION

#### 3.1 INSTALLATION

- .1 Install unit equipment and remote mounted fixtures.
- .2 Direct heads.
- .3 Connect exit lights to unit equipment.
- .4 Perform tests in accordance with Section 26 05 00 Common Work Results and in accordance with Section 01 91 00 Commissioning.

The City of Winnipeg Bid Opportunity No. 1018-2016 Transcona Library – 1500 Plessis Road Section 26 52 00 Emergency Lighting Page 3 of 3

#### 1.1 RELATED SECTIONS

- .1 Section 01 33 00 Submittal Procedures.
- .2 Section 01 74 00 Cleaning and Waste Processing.
- .3 Section 01 91 00 Commissioning.
- .4 Section 26 05 00 Common Work Results.

#### 1.2 REFERENCES

- .1 Atomic Energy Control Board Regulations
- .2 Canadian Code for Preferred Packaging
- .3 Canadian Standards Association (CSA)
  - .1 CSA C22.2 No.141, Unit Equipment for Emergency Lighting.
  - .2 CSA C860, Performance of Internally-Lighted Exit Signs.
- .4 National Fire Protection Association (NFPA)
  - .1 NFPA 101, Life Safety Code.

#### 1.3 SUBMITTALS

- .1 Product Data:
  - .1 Manufacturer: AimLite EdgeLit RPEL-U-BSH-UNVDC
  - .2 Submit manufacturer's printed product literature, specifications and datasheets and include product characteristics, performance criteria, physical size, finish and limitations.
- .2 Manufacturer's Instructions: Provide to indicate special handling criteria, installation sequence, cleaning procedures and disposal.

## PART 2 PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 STANDARD UNITS

- .1 Egress lights: to CSA C22.2 No.141 and CSA C860, packaged in accordance with the Canadian Electrical Code for Preferred Packaging guidelines.
- .2 Housing: brushed aluminum.
- .3 Lamps: multiple LED-12 W, 120 V, over 500,000 hours with average surface brightness of 3000 candela.

- .4 Operation: designed for 25 years of continuous operation without relamping.
- .5 Green Pictogram "Running Man".

# PART 3 EXECUTION

#### 3.1 INSTALLATION

- .1 Install exit lights to manufacturer's recommendations, listing requirements, NFPA standard and local regulatory requirements.
- .2 Connect fixtures to exit light circuits using RW90 wire in EMT conduit.
- .3 Connect emergency lamp sockets to emergency circuits.
- .4 Ensure that exit light circuit breaker is locked in on position.
- .5 Provide tests in accordance with Section 26 05 00 Common Work Results and Section 01 91 00 Commissioning.

#### 3.2 CLEANING

- .1 Proceed in accordance with Section 01 74 00 Cleaning and Waste Processing.
- On completion and verification of performance of installation, remove surplus materials, excess materials, rubbish, tools and equipment.

#### 1.1 SCOPE OF WORK

.1 Testing and commissioning are called for throughout the individual specifications. This does not relieve this trade from providing all testing and commissioning necessary to ensure that systems and equipment operate as required and that they interface with other systems and equipment as required.

## 1.2 SECTION INCLUDES

- .1 Commissioning of all building electrical systems and component including:
  - .1 Testing and adjustment.
  - .2 Demonstrations and Training.
  - .3 Instructions of all procedures for Contract Administrator.
  - .4 Updating as-built data.
  - .5 Co-ordination of Operation and Maintenance material.

#### 1.3 RELATED SECTION

- .1 Section 01 78 10 Closeout Submittals.
- .2 Section 01 91 00 –Commissioning.
- .3 Section 26 05 00 Common Work Results.

#### 1.4 REFERENCES

- .1 CSA (Canadian Standards Association).
- .2 Underwriters Laboratories of Canada.

#### 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- .1 Provide qualified trades persons, certified testing agencies, factory trained and approved by the Commissioning Team Leader.
- .2 Submit the names of all personnel to be used during the Commissioning activities for approval by Contract Administrator or the City.

## 1.6 COMMISSIONING

- .1 The purpose of the commissioning process is to fully test all building systems including architectural, mechanical and electrical components and operating procedures by challenging these systems to realistic operation conditions.
- .2 The Commissioning activities shall be coordinated by the Contractor.
- .3 Commissioning activities for the electrical systems must have available up to date as-built drawing information and accurate Operations and Maintenance Manuals. These documents shall be a major part of this activity.

- .4 Contractor shall be responsible to update all documentation with information and any changes duly noted during the Commissioning exercise.
- .5 Contractor shall arrange for all outside suppliers, equipment manufacturers, test agencies and others as identified in the commissioning sections of this specification. The cost associated with this requirement shall be included as part of the Bid price.

#### 1.7 SUBMITTALS

- .1 A commissioning document shall be prepared by the Contract Administrator prior to conducting these activities for use by the Commissioning Team.
- .2 The Electrical Subcontractor shall be responsible for ensuring all activities are properly documented in this manual and coordinated through the Contractor.
- .3 As-built drawings and data books must be available two weeks prior to commissioning for review and use by the Contract Administrator and Commissioning Team prior to the start of the commissioning activities.

#### 1.8 PREPARATION

- .1 Provide test instruments required for all activities as defined in the commissioning documents.
- .2 Verify all systems are in compliance with the requirements of the commissioning documents prior to the pre-commissioning check out operation.
- .3 Confirm all scheduled activities have identified personnel available.
- .4 Where systems or equipment do not operate as required, make the necessary corrections or modifications, re-test and re-commission.

## 1.9 SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

- .1 Perform all start up operations, control adjustment, trouble shooting, servicing and maintenance of each item of equipment as defined in the commissioning documentation.
- .2 Contract Administrator will provide list of personnel to receive instructions and will coordinate their attendance at agreed upon times.
- .3 Prepare and insert additional data in the operations and maintenance manuals and update as-built drawings when need for additional data becomes apparent during the commissioning exercise.
- .4 Where instruction is specified in the commissioning manual, instruct personnel in all phases of operation and maintenance using operation and maintenance manuals as the basis of instruction.
- .5 Conduct presentation on premises.

## 1.10 FINAL REPORT

.1 This trade shall assemble all testing data and commissioning reports and submit them to the Contract Administrator.

.2 Each form shall bear signature of recorder, and that of supervisor of reporting organizer.

#### 1.11 SCHEDULE OF ACTIVITIES

- .1 Commissioning activities shall be conducted based on pre-established schedule with all members of the commissioning team, refer to Section 01 91 00 Commissioning.
- .2 In addition, there will be two meetings held through the Contract duration to introduce the parties of the commissioning team, establish the schedules and deadlines for the various activities and review the Commissioning Manual.
- .3 Adhering to the established schedule is very important as the co-ordination and scheduling of the participants will be difficult to alter once this is established. Close co-ordination of this schedule is important.
- .4 In the event the project cannot be commissioned in the allotted time slot, the Contractor shall pay for all costs associated with assembling the Commissioning Team at a later date. If the Contractor has not performed his duties to reach commissioning stage as outlined earlier, he will incur all expenses of other trades and the Commissioning Team due to his non-compliance.

#### 1.1 GENERAL

- .1 This section describes the extent of services to be provided for wiring of equipment supplied by others.
- .2 Within the context of this section, Others means:
  - .1 Other divisions of this specification (i.e.: Division 25 Integrated Automation).
  - .2 The Contract Administrator or the City.
  - .3 Other Contractors supplying and installing equipment to the Contract.

#### 1.2 EXTENT OF SERVICES PROVIDED

- .1 The work of this Contract is to include all power and control wiring of equipment which is provided by Division 26.
- .2 All power and control wiring above 50 V for equipment supplied by Division 25 will be the responsibility of this Contractor. Coordinate with Integrated Automation Contractor for exact requirements.
- .3 All control wiring 50 V and less for equipment supplied by Division 25 will be the responsibility of Division 25- Integrated Automation Contractor. Conduit and wire associated with this is the responsibility of Division 25.
- .4 All power and control wiring associated with equipment supplied by Division 01 will be the responsibility of this Contractor. Coordinate with Contractor for exact requirements.
- .5 Final connection of all wiring to equipment provided by others (except control wiring below 50 V associated with Division 25 equipment) will be by division 26. Coordinate with the provider for connection instructions.

#### 1.3 RESPONSIBILITY OF DIVISION 26

- .1 It is the responsibility of the Division 26 Subcontractor to verify final requirements for wiring of all equipment noted. Verification of wiring requirements to include:
  - .1 Confirmation of electrical characteristics.
  - .2 Location of connection point.
  - .3 Method of connection (i.e. direct or plug-in etc.)
- .2 Obtain and become familiar with shop drawings for all relevant equipment.
- .3 No claim for extra will be entertained for wiring equipment which has been indicated, or changes to installed wiring where installation proceeded prior to verification of electrical requirements.

PART 2 PRODUCTS (NOT APPLICABLE)

PART 3 EXECUTION (NOT APPLICABLE)